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MONTANA EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE

STATE DOCUMENTS
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RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS SECTION
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
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MONTANA EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE

MONTHLY REPORT

JULY 1977

STATE OF MONTANA

THOMAS L. JUDGE, GOVERNOR

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
Box 1728
Helena, Montana 59601

Volume 7 Number 7

Produced by:
Research and Analysis
in cooperation with the
U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration
and Bureau of Labor Statistics

1. Civilian Labor Force - the number of persons 16 years and older, defined as employed or unemployed, excluding members of the Armed Forces.
2. Employed - those persons who work for pay or profit during a week or, as unpaid family workers, work 15 hours or more during a week. Also included as employed are those who, although not working, had some job attachment and were not looking for work, including persons temporarily absent from a job due to illness, bad weather, vacation, or labor-management dispute, whether or not they were in a pay status during their time off.
3. Unemployment - the number of persons who, for an entire week, did not work at all, were able to work and available for work, and (1) were looking for work or (2) would have looked for work except that (a) they were waiting to return to a job from which they had been laid off, or (b) they were waiting to report to a new wage and salary job scheduled to start within the following 30 days (and were not in school during the week).
4. Unemployment Rate - the number of unemployed expressed as a percent of the civilian labor force.
5. Residence Data - a count of employment by where people live.
6. Establishment Data - a count of employment by where people work.
7. Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series - to facilitate the evaluation of the labor force, recurrent yearly movements have been isolated and removed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics seasonal factor method.
8. Composite Index - an aggregate of six leading indicators. The indicators used are: Manufacturing - Employment, Average Weekly Hours, total Accessions and Layoffs; Average Weekly Initial Claims; and statewide Building Permits. A reverse trend was used for Layoffs and Average Weekly Initial Claims. This composite index is in no manner or form comparable to the United States composite index as published in "Business Conditions Digest", U. S. Department of Commerce.
9. Real Spendable Average Weekly Earnings of Private Nonagricultural Production Workers - represents the earnings of a hypothetical individual after deductions for State Income, Federal Income and Social Security taxes, and adjustment for change in purchasing power since 1967. This individual is assumed to be sole support for a family of four, earn the average weekly gross earnings of production workers in Montana's private nonagricultural industries, and take standard deductions on State and Federal income taxes. Taxes were computed using standard tax tables, and purchasing power was adjusted by deflating Spendable Earnings based on the national Consumer Price Index.
10. WIN - Work Incentive Program for Aid to Dependent Children recipients.
11. CETA - Comprehensive Employment and Training Act of 1974.
12. CETA-CEP - Concentrated Employment Program funded under the Comprehensive Employment and Training Act.
13. SMSA - Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area as determined by Office of Management and Budget. Must have a central city with population of 50,000 or more.
14. LMA - Labor Market Area as determined by the Montana Employment Security Division consists of a central city or cities with population of less than 50,000, and the economically integrated geographical area surrounding it.

SERIES CHANGE

Annually, the series in this publication are changed to reflect the most recent benchmark. This procedure is necessary to establish trends based on universe trends rather than sample trends. These benchmark series are usually published in the March publication establishing a benchmark date from the previous year. The reason this publication contains new benchmarks and is being published in July, results from the conversion to the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification codes (SIC) from the 1967 SIC codes. This change, along with benchmarking, necessitated publishing new series on all civilian labor force, establishment, and seasonally adjusted data. All series published prior to this publication have been based on 1967 SIC codes and will no longer be used.

For the convenience of all users and to provide a statistically comparable data base, the civilian labor force and establishment data have been computed on the 1972 SIC codes beginning with January 1972 and continuing through the most recent month. The seasonally adjusted series have been revised from January 1975 through the most recent month reflecting these changes.

Included in this publication are the counties' civilian labor force annual averages for the years 1971 through 1976. The counties' monthly civilian labor force series for 1977 have been included and represent a statistically comparable data base to the statewide data benchmarks and 1972 SIC conversion. The methodology used in computing unemployment is based on the Bureau of Labor Statistics Handbook Method and is adjusted for additivity, i.e., all counties add to the statewide estimates. The Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Population Survey (CPS) method is not used to adjust for additivity.

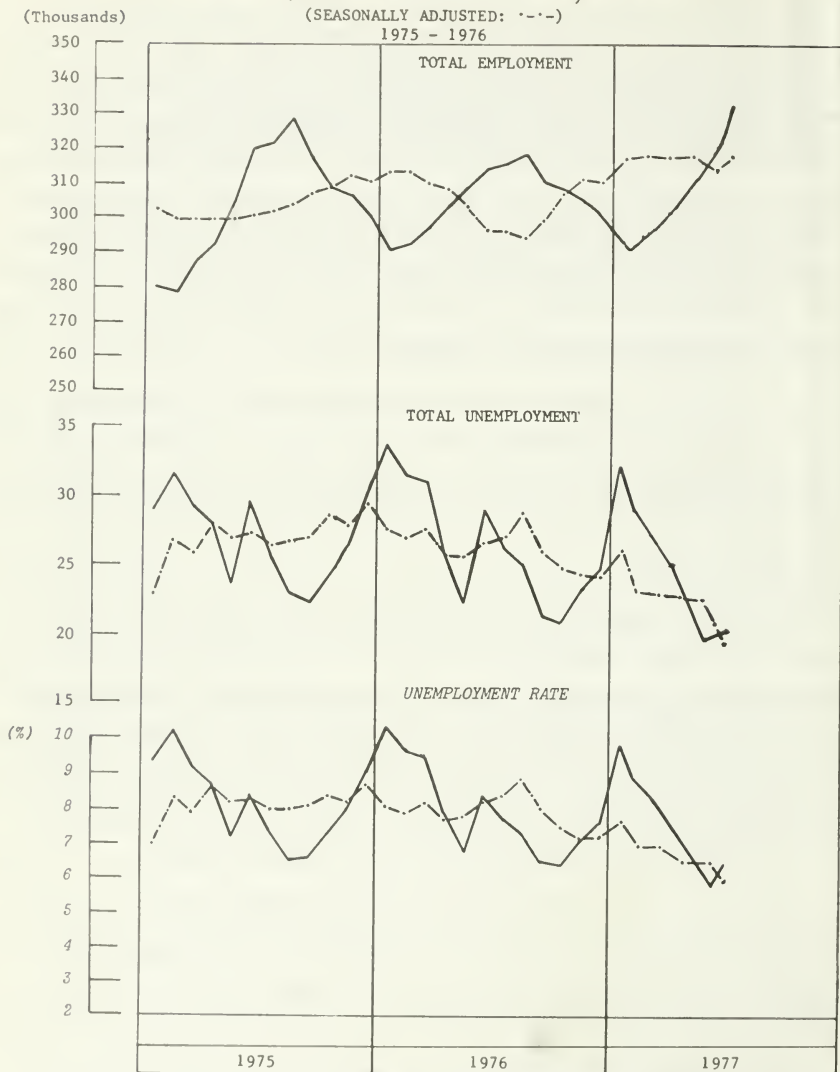
If you desire more information concerning the benchmarks, 1972 SIC conversion, series updates, or methodologies please feel free to contact Mr. Dick Gibson, Supervisor, Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, P.O. Box 1728, Helena, Montana 59601. Telephone: (406) 449-2430.

MONTANA EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED: —)

(SEASONALLY ADJUSTED: - - -)

1975 - 1976





the unemployment rate, which rose to 6.3% in June from 5.7% in May. Even with this slight increase the rate is well below the 8.1% recorded in June of 1976.

Males continue to be in the majority in the filing of claims for unemployment insurance with 56.1% (females, 43.9%). However, male claimants decreased 24.8% from May to June and females increased 40.1%. The increase in claims by females can be tied directly to the 403.4% increase in claims filed from the education field. Almost 40% of the female claimants reported education as their last occupational attachment. Among male claimants the predominant occupational attachment continues to be the construction industry even though claims from that area decreased 29% from May to June.

In June Montana's economic indicators showed some signs of further improvement in the economy. The central factor supporting this view is the renewed strength in building activity. Early in the second quarter building permits dropped off the hot pace set in March. Overall second quarter performance was sluggish, but from May to June, building permits from reporting cities increased almost 28%, showing strong signs of a recovery going into third quarter. Even further support for residential building may come in the form of additional state insured low-interest mortgage loans. The initial phase of the state program provided almost \$20 million to lending institutions to promote home-ownership among low-to-medium income families.

With the arrival of the tourist season, counties in the vicinity of Yellowstone and Glacier National Parks are experiencing increased demand for goods and services, which in turn has effected an expansion of employment in those areas. Conversely, the situation in the eastern part of the state is not so bright where activity in retail trade and services has fallen off. The uncertainty in the agricultural sector seems to have altered the normal buying habits of farmers and ranchers.

In manufacturing conditions are mixed. In June seasonally adjusted average weekly hours are the highest in the past ten years (42.6). Employment in manufacturing in April and May averaged 25,200 persons. That's the highest employment level since 1973. However, latest figures on turnover rates are not as positive. Accessions dropped to 2.1 in May from 4.0 in April; the layoff rate more than doubled during the same period (0.7 to 1.5); the new hire rate was down to 1.7 from 3.3 in April; and the quit rate fell to 1.4 from 1.9. It is possible that the turnover rates may improve shortly and better reflect latest data on hours and earnings in manufacturing.

In summary, Montana's economy continues to maintain a stable posture, and on occasion some segments of the economy even appear to be exhibiting signs of accelerated growth (e.g., the construction industry). But on the whole the economy is progressing slowly and deliberately, while weathering the effects of depressed farm prices, labor disputes, and the increasing scarcity of energy.

GREAT FALLS SMSA (Cascade County)



Employment and Unemployment Situation:

The civilian labor force jumped 500 in June, bringing the total number of participants to 33,400 in the Great Falls SMSA. A total of 31,200 individuals held jobs in June, up 200 from May and 700 from June a year ago. With the advent of the summer season, agricultural employment reached 1,700 persons, a gain of 200 from May's figures. In the other industrial sectors, services and mining continue to lead the area in terms of growth. Employment in the two industries hit 6,700 in June, up 1,500 from last year's levels. On the negative side, construction and wholesale trade each recorded declines of 100 from June 1976.

With the closing of the schools for the summer months, many students, teachers and education related job seekers entered the labor market, causing unemployment to rise 300 from May to 2,200 individuals in June. The unemployment ratio moved from 5.6% to 6.5% of the civilian labor force. This still represents a considerable improvement from June 1976, when 3,200 persons were out of work.

GREAT FALLS

June Claims Characteristics by Job Service Office

	<u>Percent of All Continued Claims</u>	<u>Percent Change from The Previous Month</u>
Males	69%	N.A.
Females	31%	N.A.

Last Industry or Occupation of the Unemployed

Males		Females	
Heavy & Highway Construction	14.8%	Eating & Drinking Places	14.3%
Other Construction	18.4%	Health Services	10.5%
Automotive & Service Stations	8.4%	Educational Services	9.5%

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

The economic climate in Great Falls has recently been accented by labor-management negotiations, as disputes arose on July 1 at the Great Falls smelter and at Great Falls City Hall. At the smelter 639 workers were directly involved in the dispute. With 57 workers from non-affected unions honoring the picket lines. Negotiators were expected to reach an early settlement; however, after three weeks no agreement had been reached. The dispute between management and 177 Great Falls city workers originated over wages, benefits and working conditions. The policemen, firemen, data processing staff, non-union workers and supervisors are still on the job. A similar situation existed between the county and its employees, but a walk out was averted by a settlement before the contract expiration date.

GREAT FALLS SMSA (Cont.)

Construction was active in June as work was nearly completed on the interstate highway between Great Falls and Shelby. The project involved building 7.1 miles of road at a cost of about \$6.27 million. Also, a \$1.3 million retirement apartment complex was completed in Fort Benton.

New businesses in Great Falls include a beer-luncheon establishment, a self service gasoline-grocery firm, a 76-room addition to an existing motel, a 10,000 square foot office building at a cost of \$420,000, and a \$2.49 million motel-convention complex. The latter two firms are just under initial construction work and will not be operable during 1977.

According to a recent report by an independent firm, Great Falls area residents spent over \$81.5 million on automobiles, motorcycles, trailers, boats and related vehicles during 1976. Establishments dealing in food related items fared next highest, with gross sales totaling about \$49.5 million during 1976.

BILLINGS SMSA (Yellowstone County)



Employment and Unemployment Situation:

The Billings SMSA continues to boast a labor force in excess of 50,000, as in June 51,500 individuals participated in the Billings job market. Those employed in June totaled 49,100, up 1,000 from May and 3,100 from June a year ago. Non-agricultural employment jumped 700 from May, with manufacturing, trade, services, and government combining for the net increase. A total of 2,000 were employed in agriculture.

An additional 100 individuals joined the ranks of the jobless in June, bringing the total to 2,400, or 4.6% of the civilian labor force. This is remarkably low considering the influx of summer job seekers. In fact, in June 1976, the area experienced an unemployment rate of 7%, 3,400 unemployed workers.

BILLINGS

June Claims Characteristics by Job Service Office

	<u>Percent of All Continued Claims</u>	<u>Percent Change from the Previous Month</u>
Males	80%	N.A.
Females	20%	N.A.

BILLINGS SMSA (Cont.)

Last Industry or Occupation of the Unemployed

Males		Females	
Heavy & Highway Construction	22.5%	Eating & Drinking Places	13.6%
Other Construction	27.0%	Health & Education Services	13.9%

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

New car registrations in the first half of 1977 totaled 2,509, still off 4.8% from last year's pace, although the area has definitely shown some strong gains since the first quarter of the year, when registrations were down by over 20%. New business formations continue to surge in 1977, as the cumulative total through June reached 357 new firms, up 58% from the six month total a year ago. Bank debits also portrayed a positive local economy, with a 29% gain for the twelve-month total through May.

During the second quarter of 1977, the building boom leveled off in the city of Billings. A total of 419 building permits were issued by the city, compared with 537 in the second quarter of 1976. (A second quarter slump was also noted statewide.) While indications are that building activity has subsided in the city, it is likely that this does not accurately reflect the situation in all of Yellowstone County. Much of the residential building is occurring outside the city limits.

A Billings hospital is in the final phase of a major expansion. Now another hospital in Billings has announced tentative plans for adding a new wing to its current facilities. The project will involve a new surgery and recovery area, cardio-pulmonary department, emergency rooms and several other special facilities. The project is expected to cost about \$10 million for construction and another \$4 million for special hospital equipment.

ANACONDA-BUTTE LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



In June, 35,700 individuals participated in the civilian labor force in the six-county Anaconda-Butte labor market area. The number of job holders totaled 32,500, up from 31,900 workers in May, but down 500 from June 1976. Only Madison and Beaverhead counties showed year-to-year employment gains, but these were more than offset by drops in the other four areas, especially Silver Bow County, which recorded a drop of 800 in employment in the past twelve months.

The unemployment situation worsened in June with the influx of education related workers to the summer job market. The number of job seekers rose from 2,500 in May to 3,200 in June, or a 9.1% unemployment rate.

ANACONDA-BUTTE LMA (Cont.)

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

On July 1, a labor dispute existed between the state's largest copper mining company and about 3,000 workers in Anaconda, Butte and Great Falls. Of these, approximately 1,400 were employed in Butte and just under 1,000 in Anaconda. Shortly after the three year contract expired, two large out of state copper firms reached settlements. At this time the metal trades council in Butte has reached an agreement with the company concerning 500 workers; the balance of the workers involved in the dispute are still negotiating with company officials. Naturally this labor dispute will have a significant economic impact in both Anaconda and Butte. Uptown businessmen have been cautious in hiring additional summer help, awaiting the outcome of negotiations. In 1971, a dispute with the copper firm lasted about three months. The longest shutdown lasted from July 15, 1967 to March 30, 1968 - over nine months.

BOZEMAN LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:

In June, the civilian labor pool climbed to 25,200 persons, from 24,500 in May. However, this number of potential workers is still off 4.2% from last year's levels. Among these, 24,000 held employment during June, 700 more than in May, with all three counties recording employment increases.



The number of jobless totaled 1,200, unchanged from May, and 500 less than one year ago. The largest percentage came from Gallatin County, 800, followed by Park County with 350 and Meagher with 50 unemployed workers. Despite the rush of education-oriented summer job seekers, unemployment did not increase in June. A good business climate and a strong agriculture job market for summer haying and harvesting activities are all contributing factors. Consequently the unemployment rate actually dropped in June to 4.7%, compared with 5% in May and 6.3% in June 1976.

Employment and Unemployment Situation:

In Bozeman, the main commercial activities include additions to a large grocery chain store, an appliance firm and a fast food restaurant. Residential home building continues to hold the bulk of the city's building activities, which is continuing at a fast pace. In fact, the Bozeman Job Service Office has been receiving job orders for carpenters at wages ranging from \$3.00 to \$6.00 per hour.

The city also received a temporary economic boost during July when about 10,000 persons attended a trailer caravan rally in Bozeman from June 29 through July 4. The tourists helped the retail-service industry in particular - the rally reportedly pumped an additional \$3 million into the local economy.

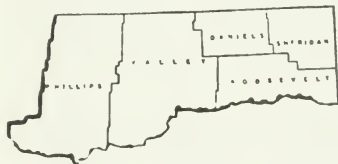
BOZEMAN LMA (Cont.)

The agriculture industry is again in the middle of its most active season, with the cutting of alfalfa hay virtually completed. With the exception of irrigators, supply is meeting demand for workers. Also, the winter wheat crop is beginning to ripen and is in good condition. At present, the biggest concern is over a possible lack of irrigation water, because of the low stream levels.

In Livingston, construction continues on a new low income housing project and a new building for the city's newspaper. Area sawmills have curtailed hiring activities due to shortage of logs. The retail and service industries are enjoying a busy tourist season, the Livingston Job Service Office reported that, currently, a shortage exists for experienced cooks, waiter-waitresses and cleaners.

GLASGOW LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



The civilian labor force in June rose 4.5% over both May 1977 and June 1976 figures. Employment increased 4.2% above 1976 figures and 2.9% above May 1977 figures, bringing the total to 17,500 employed workers. Unfortunately, unemployment also rose 300 over May figures bringing the June 1977 unemployment rate to 6.2%, three-tenths of a point above 1976 figures for the same period.

Just over one-half of the females filing claims in the Glasgow labor market area were last employed in educational services. The majority of male claimants were last working in oil and gas extraction.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Construction is booming in the city of Glasgow. Work is 80% complete on the new Glasgow hospital. New construction projects include a motel, lounge and dining facility expected to employ around 40 people, several new homes, and a senior citizen's manor. Several construction projects are also underway in the surrounding area. Road work on the Fort Peck project is progressing. Work is to begin in mid-July on a 156 mile natural gas line to be constructed in Phillips County which is expected to employ 120 to 150 people.

Retail establishments report highly favorable sales. Two contributing factors are recent rainfall which improved the agricultural outlook and an increase in customers brought about by the tourist season.

Construction activity and retail trade look good in the area; however, unemployment is high. A maintenance and operations contract with Glasgow Air Force Base changed hands resulting in a net layoff of 75 to 100 people.

GLASGOW LMA (Cont.)

Only slight employment changes are noted in the Wolf Point area. Some new hiring of carpenters may occur in mid-July after excavation and concrete work is completed on a new tribal housing project.

The agricultural sector is beginning harvest which may create a few job openings for farm labor. With grain prices at low levels, new hires will be minimal. Low agricultural prices have also affected retail sales of farm machinery necessitating some layoffs of farm machinery set-up employees.

GLENDIVE LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



In June, the civilian labor pool rose 3.4% from May, 1977 to a total of 15,200 workers. Of the total workers available, 14,600 were reported as employed, 500 above last year's figure for the same month and 300 above May 1977 figures. The following comparison of 1976 and 1977 figures shows a favorable trend in employment opportunities in the Glendive labor market area: employment rose 3.5% over 1976 figures, the civilian labor force rose 3.4% over 1976 figures, and the unemployment rate dropped .5% from 1976 figures.

Of all claims filed in the area, the largest portion of unemployed males were last working in the construction trade, the largest portion of unemployed females were last working in educational services.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Retail trade is slow in the Glendive area with employers hiring only replacement help. Some new hiring may occur when two new retail companies coming into Glendive open for business. A total of 13 new businesses opened in the Glendive labor market area in June, an increase of 44.4% over last year's figure for the same month.

The construction industry is going strong. Work is progressing on a new bank building and a new savings and loan building in Glendive; construction is continuing on a drive-in bank facility, a church, and a retail store in Sidney.

Harvest has begun for the agricultural sector. Some light hiring may occur during the harvest season - most likely new hires will be minimal due to the light money supply caused by low agricultural prices.

HARDIN-RED LODGE LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



In June, the Hardin-Red Lodge labor market area's work force increased by 500 workers over the May 1977 figure of 12,500. Accompanying the rise was a decline of .4 percentage points in the unemployment rate, bringing the June figure to 4.4%, 2.5 percentage points below last year's rate for the same period.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

The Hardin-Red Lodge region has a very favorable economic atmosphere. A steady stream of tourist traffic is moving through Red Lodge, one of five routes into Yellowstone National Park. Access to the park entrance through Red Lodge definitely has enhanced the area's tourist appeal, thereby increasing employment opportunities.

Some negative trends are seen in agricultural regions due to falling prices and drought conditions.

HAVRE LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



The Havre area's labor force rose by 500 people in June. Accompanying this increase was a 1.7 percentage point increase in the unemployment rate over May 1977 figures, bringing June's monthly rate to 5.6%. Although the unemployment rate rose over last month's figure, it was still .6 percentage points below the figure for the same month last year. Employment also rose bringing the total number of employed people in the area to 13,000; 200 above May's employment figure and 800 above the figures for the same period last year.

Information from the Havre local office shows that the majority of unemployed females were last working in educational services. The majority of male claimants were last employed in the construction industry.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Sixteen new businesses have opened in the Havre labor market area in June. This is an increase of 33.3% over last year's figure for the same month. Bank debits have also increased 30% signifying increased consumer spending. Both indicate a favorable economic trend.

HAVRE LMA (Cont.)

On the other hand, new automobile sales are sluggish, and new car registrations are down 27.1% from last year's figures for the same month.

Hot dry weather has advanced grain harvest to mid-July, one of the earliest harvest seasons in recent years. Some light hiring of harvest help is foreseen. Most likely it will be minimal, as grain prices are so low that some farmers are cutting poor grain crops for hay and realizing a greater profit than what would have been realized had the grain been harvested.

HELENA LMA



Employment and Unemployment Situation:

The civilian labor force in the Helena labor area totaled 26,400 during June, showing an increase of 600 over May and 1,200 more than June of a year ago. At the same time, the unemployment rate dropped from 7.2% in June 1976 to 5.7% for June of this year.

The claimant characteristics report for the Helena area shows a relatively equal distribution of claimants in all industrial categories. Unemployment claims were slightly higher in construction and lumber and wood products among males, and educational services among females.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Bank debits for the city of Helena continues as a positive economic indicator for the area, with a cumulative total of \$5.3 million through May, 22% ahead of 1976 levels. New car registrations, which are well below 1976 levels in most areas of the state, approximate last year's totals in the Helena labor market area.

The construction industry continues to lead the way in the Helena area activities. Work has begun on the new airport terminal, runway extensions, connecting aprons and taxi-ways. Also under construction is the state liquor warehouse. Work is progressing on schedule at the Lewis and Clark Fairgrounds in preparation for the National High School Rodeo the third week in August. There will be 1,200 contestants vying for top honors and it is billed as the largest rodeo in the world.

The Helena Job Service office reported that hiring is above normal in most industries, especially in the agriculture and government sectors.

KALISPELL LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



Employment in the Kalispell labor area rose 600 from May to June, bringing the total to 30,300 workers. This reflects relatively no change from June of a year ago.

The unemployment situation is more positive as witnessed by the drop in the rate from 12.5% in June 1976 to 9.3% in June 1977.

June's claimant characteristics report revealed that the largest percentage of claimants last worked in construction or lumber and wood products industries for males - educational services and hotel-motel establishments among females.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Agriculture has the spot-light as cherry picking begins in the Kalispell labor market area. The crop is expected to be good and should attract in excess of 1,000 cherry pickers and approximately 300 additional workers in the warehouses. Although these are temporary jobs lasting three to four weeks, they add impetus to the economic and employment picture in this area. Other agricultural activities include haying, irrigating and potato roguing.

The construction industry is active with new housing starts and on-going projects. Lincoln County is awaiting approval of a \$797,000.00 EDA grant for remodeling of the county courthouse and construction of a county jail. Construction could begin within 90 days of approval.

A camper trailer manufacturing firm has cut production, causing a decrease in their employment of approximately 30 employees.

New business formations for the year-to-date show an 85% increase over 1976. Bank debits also show a positive trend with a 16% increase over last year.

LEWISTOWN LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



In June, the employed labor force jumped 500 from May to 11,000 workers. However, unemployment rose from 500 to 700 in the six-county labor area, forcing the unemployment rate up to 5.7% from 4.8% in May.

June's claimant characteristics report for the Lewistown area reflected little change from previous months. The largest percentage of male claimants were formerly employed in construction or lumber and wood products industries. Among females, health services was most often mentioned as the previous industry of employment.

LEWISTOWN LMA (Cont.)

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

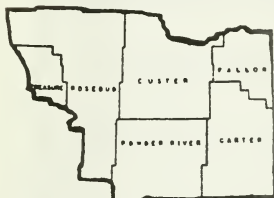
The Lewistown labor area registered 12 new business firms for June, bringing the total for the first six months to 56, 100% more than a year ago. Bank debits took a big jump in May with a 68% increase over a year ago.

The construction industry remains in full swing with most all of the projects in progress including work on the new jail, hospital, trailer park and a housing complex.

Grain conditions vary greatly in Central Montana but the outlook is for an early harvest. Grain crops should average about normal throughout Central Montana but all crops are maturing earlier than usual and for the most part hay yields will be less than average. It is expected that in some areas, farmers will cut some wheat for hay because of the drought stunted dryland hay.

MILES CITY LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:



A total of 15,100 individuals maintained a job status in the Miles City labor area for the month of June. This reflects an increase of 700 over the same month a year ago, a 4.9% change. At the same time, the unemployment rate showed a decrease from 5.4% in June a year ago to 4.4% this June.

Just over one-half of the claims filed by males in the Miles City Job Service office were from the construction industry. Thirty percent of the female claimants reported that their last employment was in eating and drinking establishments.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Bank debits in Miles City took a 15% jump in May over the same month a year ago. New business formations in the Miles City labor area also show a positive trend with a 21% increase in the first six months of this year compared with the same period a year ago.

The labor market can best be summed up as stable with supply meeting demand in most all of the industrial categories. However, there is a shortage of experienced farm and ranch workers in the outlying areas.

MISSOULA LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:

The civilian labor force in the Missoula labor market area totaled 46,300 for the month of June, a 4.3% increase over the same month a year ago.

The number of unemployed persons dropped from 4,300 in June 1976 to 3,500 in June 1977. Consequently, the unemployment rate decreased from 9.7% to 7.7%.

June's claim characteristics report for the area revealed unemployment characteristics similar to previous months. The majority of the male claimants were last employed in construction or lumber and wood products. Among females, however, educational services leads the industrial categories affected.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

During the month of June new business registrations tailed off. Nevertheless the Missoula labor area still maintained a 79% increase during the first six months of 1977 over the same period a year ago, with a 10% decrease to date.

Construction represents the most active segment of the labor market with new residential and commercial building starts in addition to ongoing construction projects.

Lumber industry employment remains stable with the exception of one or two lumber products firms that have discontinued production for a few weeks to allow for vacation leave.

Some workers are still idle in Missoula because of labor disputes involving machinists and aerospace workers as well as hotel and restaurant workers.

SHELBY LMA

Employment and Unemployment Situation:

The total number of labor force participants in June jumped 1,600 from May's figure to a total of 19,300. Over 1,000 of the new workers entered Glacier County. Last year's figures over the same period also jumped drastically with the majority of the increase in services (hotel/motel work) in Glacier County. Most likely the increase this year is due to the increased tourist travel through Glacier Park.

SHELBY LMA (Cont.)

Male claimants whose last employment was construction work represented the majority of male claims. Female claimants whose last employment was in educational services represented 68% of total female claims.

Economic Highlights and Employment Outlook:

Employment in the Shelby area appears steady with some job openings in services, construction and agriculture. The Governor's Employment and Training Council has provided funding for a summer employment program for low-income youth in Toole and Glacier counties. This program will create 81 new summer job openings for youth between the ages of 14 and 21.

The construction industry is booming with the elevator project at Merriweather continuing, the North Cut Bank water system installation started, and a total of 107 new homes under construction in Browning and Cut Bank.

Bank debits in Cut Bank are up 12% over last year's figure. The increased debits signify increased consumer spending and a favorable economic atmosphere. However, drought conditions in the area may have an adverse effect on both agricultural spending and economic conditions. Some ranchers have been forced to sell stock prematurely due to the lack of range water and farm crops have also been hit hard. At this point, the exact impact of the drought is unknown.

MANPOWER PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

JUNE 1977

<u>Program</u>	<u>New Enrollees</u>	<u>Job Placements</u>	<u>End of Month Enrollment</u>
WIN	225	115	2,207
CETA-CEP	85	62	221
CETA-INST.	179	93	561
CETA-OJT	85	48	259
JOB CORPS	53	35	330
PSE TITLE II	59	19	301
PSE TITLE VI	176	65	888
PSE TITLE VI "A"	219	5	286

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX - U. S.^{1/} (1967 = 100)

Percent Change From:

<u>Group</u>	<u>June 1977</u>	<u>May 1977</u>	<u>June 1976</u>
All Items	181.8	.7%	6.9%

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE UNEMPLOYED^{2/}

JUNE 1977

<u>Social Characteristics</u>	<u>Percent of Total Covered Unemployment</u>
Non-White	11.2%
Female	43.9%
Youth	7.1%
Over 45	27.6%

^{1/} The Consumer Price Index measures changes in prices of goods and services bought by urban wage earners and clerical workers, including families and single persons.

^{2/} Based on 20% sample of Continued Claims filed during the week including the 19th of each month in all local offices.

Table I
MONTANA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

RESIDENCE DATA

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Manage- ment Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						Montana	U. S.	
<u>1975</u>								
January	308.7	279.8	253.0	26.8	28.9	9.4	9.0	*
February	309.6	278.2	250.8	27.4	31.4	10.2	9.1	.1
March	316.6	287.3	257.1	30.2	29.3	9.2	9.1	.3
April	320.3	292.3	259.4	32.9	28.0	8.7	8.6	.2
May	327.9	304.3	267.3	37.0	23.6	7.2	8.3	.1
June	349.1	319.7	278.9	40.8	29.4	8.4	9.1	.1
July	346.9	321.3	279.1	42.2	25.6	7.4	8.7	.2
August	350.9	327.9	280.7	47.2	23.0	6.6	8.2	*
September	340.2	317.7	279.3	38.4	22.5	6.6	8.1	.3
October	332.6	308.4	274.4	34.0	24.2	7.3	7.8	.3
November	332.4	305.8	274.3	31.5	26.6	8.0	7.8	.2
December	330.7	300.6	271.4	29.2	30.1	9.1	7.8	.2
1975 Avg.	330.5	303.6	268.8	34.8	26.9	8.1	8.5	.1
<u>1976</u>								
January	316.8	284.0	263.1	20.9	32.8	10.4	8.8	*
February	317.8	287.0	263.9	23.1	30.8	9.7	8.7	*
March	325.7	295.1	267.0	28.1	30.6	9.4	8.1	*
April	333.4	307.8	272.8	35.0	25.6	7.7	7.4	*
May	336.4	314.0	277.7	36.3	22.4	6.6	6.7	*
June	353.9	325.2	283.5	41.7	28.7	8.1	8.0	.1
July	359.4	333.0	288.1	44.9	26.4	7.3	7.8	.1
August	361.2	336.0	287.6	48.4	25.2	7.0	7.6	.1
September	346.8	325.2	287.2	38.0	21.6	6.2	7.4	.1
October	337.2	316.3	283.8	32.5	20.9	6.2	7.2	.1
November	334.0	310.8	282.6	28.2	23.2	7.0	7.4	.1
December	329.6	305.0	280.6	24.4	24.6	7.5	7.4	.1
1976 Avg.	337.7	311.6	278.2	33.4	26.1	7.7	7.7	.1
<u>1977</u>								
January	330.9	299.0	276.4	22.6	31.9	9.7	8.3	.1
February	332.3	302.9	278.1	24.8	29.4	8.8	8.5	.1
March	338.2	311.2	281.3	29.9	27.0	8.0	7.9	.1
April	345.7	322.0	285.0	37.0	23.7	6.9	6.9	.1
May	349.3	329.4	291.2	38.2	19.9	5.7	6.4	.1
June	359.5	336.8	293.3	43.5	22.7	6.3	7.5	.2
July	371.5	347.6	301.1	46.5	28.9	6.4		3.3
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

^{1/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.

^{2/} Non-additive - included in total employment.

* Under 50.

Series began January 1970.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Current month in italics is a forecast; previous month preliminary.

Table II
GREAT FALLS SMSA (CASCADE COUNTY)

Civilian Labor Force
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Manage- ment Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						County	State	
<u>1975</u>								
January	31.1	28.5	27.4	1.1	2.6	8.3	9.4	*
February	31.2	28.2	27.1	1.1	3.0	9.6	10.2	*
March	31.8	29.0	27.8	1.2	2.8	8.7	9.2	.1
April	32.5	29.8	28.5	1.3	2.7	8.3	8.7	.1
May	32.7	30.3	28.8	1.5	2.4	7.3	7.2	*
June	33.7	30.9	29.3	1.6	2.8	8.3	8.4	*
July	33.7	31.0	29.3	1.7	2.7	8.0	7.4	*
August	33.7	31.2	29.3	1.9	2.5	7.3	6.6	*
September	33.3	30.9	29.4	1.5	2.4	7.2	6.6	*
October	33.0	30.3	29.0	1.3	2.7	8.1	7.3	*
November	33.0	30.4	29.2	1.2	2.6	7.8	8.0	*
December	33.0	30.2	29.0	1.2	2.8	8.5	9.1	*
1975 Avg.	32.7	30.0	28.6	1.4	2.7	8.1	8.1	*
<u>1976</u>								
January	30.6	27.5	26.7	.8	3.1	10.2	10.4	*
February	30.7	27.8	26.9	.9	2.9	9.5	9.7	*
March	31.3	28.3	27.2	1.1	3.0	9.6	9.4	*
April	31.5	29.0	27.6	1.4	2.5	8.0	7.7	*
May	31.9	29.6	28.2	1.4	2.3	7.2	6.6	*
June	33.7	30.5	28.9	1.6	3.2	9.5	8.1	*
July	33.4	30.6	28.8	1.8	2.8	8.5	7.3	*
August	33.0	30.4	28.5	1.9	2.6	7.9	7.0	*
September	32.3	30.2	28.7	1.5	2.1	6.6	6.2	*
October	32.4	30.2	28.9	1.3	2.2	6.7	6.2	*
November	32.1	29.9	28.8	1.1	2.2	7.0	7.0	*
December	32.2	30.0	29.0	1.0	2.2	6.8	7.5	*
1976 Avg.	32.1	29.5	28.2	1.3	2.6	8.1	7.7	*
<u>1977</u>								
January	32.2	29.2	28.3	.9	3.0	9.2	8.7	*
February	31.8	29.3	28.3	1.0	2.5	7.8	8.8	*
March	32.4	30.0	28.8	1.2	2.4	7.3	8.0	*
April	32.5	30.5	29.0	1.5	2.0	6.2	6.9	*
May	32.9	31.0	29.5	1.5	1.9	5.6	5.7	*
June	33.4	31.2	29.5	1.7	2.2	6.5	6.3	*
July	34.4	32.1	30.3	1.8	2.3	6.8	6.4	.8
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

1/ Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.

2/ Non-additive - included in total employment.

* Under \$2.

Series began January 1970.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Current month in italics is a forecast; previous month preliminary.

Table III
BILLINGS SMSA (YELLOWSTONE COUNTY)
Civilian Labor Force
NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

RESIDENCE DATA

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Manage- ment Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						County	State	
<u>1975</u>								
January	45.4	42.0	40.8	1.2	3.4	7.6	9.4	*
February	45.1	41.5	40.2	1.3	3.6	8.0	10.2	*
March	45.6	42.0	40.6	1.4	3.6	7.9	9.2	.1
April	46.8	43.4	41.9	1.5	3.4	7.3	8.7	*
May	47.1	44.5	42.8	1.7	2.6	5.6	7.2	*
June	49.0	45.6	43.7	1.9	3.4	7.0	8.4	*
July	49.5	46.3	44.4	1.9	3.2	6.5	7.4	*
August	49.2	46.1	43.9	2.2	3.1	6.2	6.6	*
September	48.5	45.6	43.8	1.8	2.9	5.9	6.6	.2
October	48.4	45.6	44.0	1.6	2.8	5.8	7.3	.2
November	49.2	46.4	45.0	1.4	2.8	5.8	8.0	*
December	48.6	45.4	44.1	1.3	3.2	6.5	9.1	*
1975 Avg.	47.7	44.5	42.9	1.6	3.2	6.7	8.1	*
<u>1976</u>								
January	45.2	41.5	40.5	1.0	3.7	8.2	10.4	*
February	45.2	42.0	40.9	1.1	3.2	7.2	9.7	*
March	46.1	42.7	41.4	1.3	3.4	7.4	9.4	*
April	47.1	44.3	42.7	1.6	2.8	6.0	7.7	*
May	48.2	45.9	44.2	1.7	2.3	4.8	6.6	*
June	49.4	46.0	44.1	1.9	3.4	7.0	8.1	*
July	49.5	46.4	44.3	2.1	3.1	6.3	7.3	*
August	49.0	46.2	44.0	2.2	2.8	5.8	7.0	*
September	48.9	46.5	44.8	1.7	2.4	4.9	6.2	*
October	49.7	47.4	45.9	1.5	2.3	4.7	6.2	*
November	50.3	47.8	46.5	1.3	2.5	4.9	7.0	*
December	50.3	47.5	46.4	1.1	2.8	5.6	7.5	*
1976 Avg.	48.2	45.3	43.8	1.5	2.9	6.0	7.7	*
<u>1977</u>								
January	50.0	46.2	45.2	1.0	3.8	7.6	9.7	*
February	50.2	46.8	45.7	1.1	3.4	6.7	8.8	*
March	50.5	47.5	46.1	1.4	3.0	6.0	8.0	*
April	50.4	47.8	46.1	1.7	2.6	5.1	6.9	*
May	50.4	48.1	46.3	1.8	2.3	4.5	5.7	*
June	51.5	49.1	47.1	2.0	2.4	4.6	6.3	*
July	51.9	49.5	47.4	2.1	2.4	4.7		*
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

^{1/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.

^{2/} Non-additive - included in total employment.

* Under 50.

Series began January 1970.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Current month in italics is a forecast; previous month preliminary.

Statewide Employment by Industry

Table IV
MONTANA

June 1977
in Thousands

INDUSTRY	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976	Net Changes to Current Month from:	
				May 1977	June 1976
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS	359.5	349.3	353.9	10.2	5.6
EMPLOYED PERSONS	336.8	329.4	325.2	7.4	11.6
Persons Employed in Agriculture	43.5	38.2	41.7	5.3	1.8
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	22.7	19.9	28.7	2.8	-6.0
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted	6.3	5.7	8.1	.6	-1.8
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted	6.0	6.7	7.9	-.7	-1.9
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)	261.5	259.6	253.2	1.9	8.3
MANUFACTURING	24.9	24.4	23.7	.5	1.2
Durable Goods	16.5	16.2	15.3	.3	1.2
24 Lumber and Wood Products	10.3	10.0	9.1	.3	1.2
33 Primary Metal Industries	3.4	3.4	3.4	0	0
Other Durable Goods	2.8	2.8	2.8	0	0
Nondurable Goods	8.4	8.2	8.4	.2	0
20 Food and Kindred Products	3.6	3.5	3.6	.1	0
27 Printing and Publishing	2.0	2.0	2.0	0	0
29 Petroleum and Coal Products	1.3	1.2	1.3	.1	0
Other Nondurable Goods	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0
MINING	5.7	5.6	5.9	.1	-.2
10 Metal Mining	2.2	2.2	2.3	0	-.1
13 Bitum. Coal, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	1.4	1.4	1.6	0	-.2
14 Oil and Gas Extraction	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1

<u>CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION</u>	12.8	13.1	14.4	-3	-1.6
15 General Building Contractors	4.5	4.5	5.1	0	-6
16 Heavy Construction Contractors	3.4	3.7	4.1	-3	-7
17 Special Trade Contractors	4.9	4.9	5.2	0	-3
<u>TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES</u>	19.8	19.7	19.5	.1	.3
40 Railroad Transportation	6.3	6.2	6.1	.1	.2
41-47 Transportation, except Railroad	5.9	5.9	5.8	0	.1
48 & 49 Commun., Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services ..	7.6	7.6	7.6	0	0
<u>WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE</u>	68.0	67.4	64.4	.6	3.6
Wholesale Trade	17.3	17.1	15.2	.2	2.1
Retail Trade	50.7	50.3	49.2	.4	1.5
53 & 56 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories ..	8.2	7.8	7.7	.4	.5
54 Food Stores	6.5	6.5	6.5	0	0
55 Automotive Dealers, Service Stations	8.4	8.4	8.6	0	-.2
58 Eating and Drinking Places	18.6	18.6	17.4	0	1.2
52, 57, 59 Bldg. Mat., Farm Equip., Furn., Misc. ..	9.0	9.0	9.0	0	0
<u>FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE</u>	11.3	11.1	10.6	.2	.7
<u>SERVICES</u>	49.6	49.6	48.2	0	1.4
70 Hotels and other Lodging Places	6.2	6.2	6.8	0	-.6
72 Personal Services	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0
80 Medical and other Health Services	16.0	16.0	14.9	0	1.1
Other Services	25.0	25.0	24.1	0	.9
<u>GOVERNMENT</u>	69.4	68.7	66.5	.7	2.9
91 Federal Government	13.4	13.4	14.4	0	-1.0
92 State Colleges and Universities	8.8	8.8	9.0	0	-.2
92 Other State Government	10.8	10.7	10.4	.1	.4
93 Local Education	22.2	22.4	21.1	-.2	1.1
93 Other Local Government	14.2	13.4	11.6	.8	2.6

1/ Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

Current month preliminary.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

2/ Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.

Establishment Series began January 1964; Residence Series began January 1970.

Table V
GREAT FALLS SMSA (CASCADE COUNTY)
Employment by Industry

JUNE 1977

in Thousands

INDUSTRY	Net Changes to Current Month from:				
	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976	May 1977	June 1976
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	33.4	32.9	33.7	.5	- .3
EMPLOYED PERSONS	31.2	31.0	30.5	.2	.7
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.7	1.5	1.6	.2	.1
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.2	1.9	3.2	.3	-1.0
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	6.5	5.6	9.5	.9	-3.0
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{2/} ..	5.6	6.2	8.8	- .6	-3.2

NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)	28.1	28.1	26.8	0	1.3
Manufacturing	1.8	1.8	1.7	0	.1
Contract Construction	1.5	1.5	1.8	0	- .3
Transportation and Public Utilities ...	1.9	1.9	2.1	0	- .2
Trade	8.3	8.3	8.3	0	0
Wholesale Trade	2.3	2.3	2.4	0	- .1
Retail Trade	6.0	6.0	5.9	0	.1
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.7	1.7	1.6	0	.1
Services and Mining	6.7	6.7	5.2	0	1.5
Government	6.2	6.2	6.1	0	.1
Federal Government	2.2	2.2	2.1	0	.1
State and Local Government	4.0	4.0	4.0	0	0

1/ Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships;
includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.
2/ Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.
Current month preliminary.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Table VI
BILLINGS SMSA (YELLOWSTONE COUNTY)

Employment by Industry

JUNE 1977

in Thousands

INDUSTRY	Net Changes to Current Month from:				
	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976	May 1977	June 1976
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	51.5	50.4	49.4	1.1	2.1
EMPLOYED PERSONS	49.1	48.1	46.0	1.0	3.1
Persons Employed in Agriculture	2.0	1.8	1.9	.2	.1
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.4	2.3	3.4	.1	-1.0
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	4.6	4.5	7.0	.1	-2.4
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{2/} ..	4.0	5.4	6.4	-1.4	-2.4
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)	42.1	41.4	39.3	.7	2.8
Manufacturing	3.6	3.4	3.4	.2	.2
Contract Construction	2.2	2.2	2.4	0	-.2
Transportation and Public Utilities ...	3.1	3.1	3.1	0	0
Trade	14.6	14.5	13.3	.1	1.3
Wholesale Trade	5.4	5.3	4.6	.1	.8
Retail Trade	9.2	9.2	8.7	0	.5
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	2.0	2.0	1.8	0	.2
Services and Mining	7.8	7.7	7.6	.1	.2
Government	8.8	8.5	7.7	.3	1.1
Federal Government	1.9	1.9	1.7	0	.2
State and Local Government	6.9	6.6	6.0	.3	.9

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.
Current month preliminary.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Table VII

MONTANA LABOR MARKET AREAS^{1/}

Civilian Labor Force

in Thousands

	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE			EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
	Apr. 1977	May 1977	June 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1977	June 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1977	June 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1977	June 1977
STATEWIDE	345.7	349.3	359.5	322.0	329.4	336.8	23.7	19.9	22.7	6.9	5.7	6.3
GREAT FALLS SMSA	32.5	32.9	33.4	30.5	31.0	31.2	2.0	1.9	2.2	6.2	5.6	6.5
BILLINGS SMSA	50.4	50.4	51.5	47.8	48.1	49.1	2.6	2.3	2.4	5.1	4.5	4.6
^{2/} BALANCE OF STATE ^{2/}	262.8	266.0	274.6	243.7	250.3	256.5	19.1	15.7	18.1	7.3	5.9	6.6
ANACONDA-BUTTE	34.6	34.4	35.7	31.6	31.9	32.5	3.0	2.5	3.2	8.6	7.3	9.1
BOZEMAN	24.4	24.5	25.2	22.8	23.3	24.0	1.6	1.2	1.2	6.5	5.0	4.7
GLASGOW	17.4	17.9	18.7	16.5	17.0	17.5	.9	.9	1.2	5.3	5.0	6.2
GLENDIVE	14.3	14.7	15.2	13.7	14.3	14.6	.6	.4	.6	3.9	2.9	3.7
HARDIN-RED LODGE	12.2	12.5	13.0	11.5	11.9	12.4	.7	.6	.6	5.6	4.8	4.4
HAVRE	13.1	13.3	13.8	12.4	12.8	13.0	.7	.5	.8	5.2	3.9	5.6
HELENA	25.8	25.8	26.4	24.4	24.6	24.9	1.4	1.2	1.5	5.6	4.8	5.7
KALISPELL	32.4	32.7	33.4	28.5	29.7	30.3	3.9	3.0	3.1	12.0	9.3	9.3
LEWISTOWN	10.6	11.0	11.7	10.0	10.5	11.0	.6	.5	.7	5.5	4.8	5.7
MILES CITY	15.2	15.6	15.8	14.6	15.0	15.1	.6	.6	.7	4.3	3.8	4.4
MISSOULA	45.8	45.8	46.3	41.7	42.4	42.8	4.1	3.4	3.5	9.0	7.4	7.7
SHELBY-CUT BANK	17.1	17.7	19.3	16.1	16.8	18.2	1.0	.9	1.1	6.1	4.9	5.8

^{1/} A list of counties included in each Labor Market Area appears on "New Business Firms" page. Map inside back cover.
^{2/} Statewide, excluding Great Falls and Billings Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.
 Totals may not add due to rounding.

TABLE VIII

MONTANA LABOR MARKET AREAS^{1/}

Civilian Labor Force

in Thousands

	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE			EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
	Percent Change			Percent Change			Net Change			Net Change		
	June 1977	June 1976	1976-1977	June 1977	June 1976	1976-1977	June 1977	June 1976	1976-1977	June 1977	June 1976	1976-1977
STATEWIDE	359.5	353.9	1.6	336.8	325.2	3.6	22.7	28.7	-6.0	6.3	8.1	-1.8
GREAT FALLS SMSA	33.4	33.7	-.9	31.2	30.5	2.3	2.2	3.2	-1.0	6.5	9.5	-3.0
BILLINGS SMSA	51.5	49.4	4.3	49.1	46.0	6.7	2.4	3.4	-1.0	4.6	7.0	-2.4
BALANCE OF STATE ^{2/}	274.6	270.8	1.4	256.5	248.7	3.1	18.1	22.1	-4.0	6.6	8.2	-1.6
ANACONDA-BUTTE	35.7	37.0	-3.5	32.5	33.0	-1.5	3.2	4.0	-.8	9.1	10.8	-1.7
BOZEMAN	25.2	26.3	-4.2	24.0	24.6	-2.4	1.2	1.7	-.5	4.7	6.3	-1.6
GLASGOW	18.7	17.9	4.5	17.5	16.8	4.2	1.2	1.1	.1	6.2	5.9	.3
GLENVIEW	15.2	14.7	3.4	14.6	14.1	3.5	.6	.6	0	3.7	4.2	-.5
HARDIN-RED LODGE	13.0	12.5	4.0	12.4	11.6	6.9	.6	.9	-.3	4.4	6.9	-2.5
HAVRE	13.8	13.0	6.2	13.0	12.2	6.6	.8	.8	0	5.6	6.2	-.6
HELENA	26.4	25.2	4.8	24.9	23.4	6.4	1.5	1.8	-.3	5.7	7.2	-1.5
KALISPELL	33.4	34.7	-3.7	30.3	30.4	-.3	3.1	4.3	-1.2	9.3	12.5	-3.2
LEWISTOWN	11.7	11.3	3.5	11.0	10.7	2.8	.7	.6	.1	5.7	5.5	.2
MILES CITY	15.8	15.2	3.9	15.1	14.4	4.9	.7	.8	-.1	4.4	5.4	-1.0
MISSOULA	46.3	44.4	4.3	42.8	40.1	6.7	3.5	4.3	-.8	7.7	9.7	-2.0
SHELBY-CUT BANK	19.3	18.6	3.8	18.2	17.4	4.6	1.1	1.2	-.1	5.8	6.3	-.5

^{1/} A list of counties included in each Labor Market Area appears on "New Business Firms" page. Map inside back cover.^{2/} Statewide, excluding Great Falls and Billings Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.
Totals may not add due to rounding.

TABLE IX

MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

JUNE 1977

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4,730	4,545	185	3.9
BIG HORN	4,705	4,402	303	6.4
BLAINE	3,379	3,191	188	5.6
BROADWATER	1,509	1,460	49	3.2
CARBON	3,823	3,676	147	3.8
CARTER	1,097	1,070	27	2.5
CHOUTEAU	3,769	3,675	94	2.5
CUSTER	5,744	5,516	228	4.0
DANIELS	1,608	1,565	43	2.7
DAWSON	5,315	5,050	265	5.0
DEER LODGE	6,396	5,752	644	10.1
FALLON	2,283	2,226	57	2.5
FERGUS	5,874	5,473	401	6.8
FLATHEAD	19,207	17,504	1,703	8.9
GALLATIN	18,747	17,959	788	4.2
GARFIELD	1,021	1,000	21	2.1
GLACIER	5,968	5,447	521	8.7
GOLDEN VALLEY	531	502	29	5.5
GRANITE	1,187	1,098	89	7.5
HILL	9,159	8,608	551	6.0
JEFFERSON	3,341	3,102	239	7.2
JUDITH BASIN	1,452	1,414	38	2.6
LAKE	7,465	6,869	596	8.0
LEWIS and CLARK	21,542	20,314	1,228	5.7
LIBERTY	1,295	1,256	39	3.0
LINCOLN	6,701	5,891	810	12.1
McCONE	1,696	1,650	46	2.7
MADISON	2,780	2,690	90	3.2
MEACHER	962	906	56	5.8
MINERAL	1,753	1,582	171	9.8
MISSOULA	33,225	30,985	2,240	6.7
MUSSELSHELL	1,955	1,817	138	7.1
PARK	5,491	5,146	345	6.3
PETROLEUM	386	380	6	1.6
PHILLIPS	3,102	2,885	217	7.0
PONDERA	3,823	3,659	164	4.3
POWDER RIVER	1,309	1,272	37	2.8
POWELL	3,288	3,022	266	8.1
PRAIRIE	1,117	1,103	14	1.3
RAVALLI	6,932	6,143	789	11.4
RICHLAND	5,287	5,101	186	3.5
ROOSEVELT	6,195	5,836	359	5.8
ROSEBUD	4,779	4,448	331	6.9
SANDERS	4,458	4,110	348	7.8
SHERIDAN	2,669	2,609	60	2.2
SILVER BOW	17,363	15,402	1,961	11.3
STILLWATER	2,700	2,613	87	3.2
SWEET GRASS	1,781	1,741	40	2.2
TETON	2,976	2,807	169	5.7
TOOLE	2,807	2,641	166	5.9
TREASURE	582	565	17	2.9
VALLEY	5,125	4,645	480	9.4
WHEATLAND	1,464	1,412	52	3.6
WIBAUX	765	741	24	3.1

ESTABLISHMENT DATA

TABLE X

MONTANA

FEMALE EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

June 1977

(In Thousands)

INDUSTRY	FEMALE EMPLOYMENT				TOTAL EMPLOYMENT COMPARISON				
	June 1977 1/	May 1977	June 1976	Net Change to Current Month From:	June 1976	June 1977		Total	Percent Women
						May 1977	June 1977		
Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Workers	107.8	105.9	101.6	1.9	6.2	261.5	41.2	259.6	40.8
Manufacturing	3.0	2.9	3.0	0	.3	24.9	12.0	24.4	12.0
Mining	.3	.3	.3	0	0	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5
Contract Construction	1.0	1.0	1.0	0	0	12.8	7.5	13.1	7.4
Transportation & Public Utilities	3.7	3.6	3.6	.1	.1	19.8	18.4	19.7	18.5
Wholesale & Retail Trade	29.3	29.0	27.1	.3	2.2	68.0	43.1	67.4	43.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	7.1	7.0	6.7	.1	.4	11.3	62.8	11.1	62.7
Services	32.2	31.3	29.6	.9	2.6	49.6	65.0	49.6	63.0
Government ^{2/}	31.2	30.8	30.3	.4	.9	69.4	69.4	68.7	44.9

1/ Current month preliminary.

Revised to 1976 Benchmark.

2/ Includes all civilian employees of Federal, State, and Local Governments regardless of the activity in which the employee is engaged.

Establishment Series began January 1974.
Prepared by the Montana Employment Security Division in Cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor,
Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE XI

MONTANA FEMALE EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

(In Thousands)

1976

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ann. Avg.
Nonagricultural Wage & Salary	95.5	95.4	96.5	97.6	98.7	98.9	99.0	98.4	99.5	101.2	102.2	102.6	98.8
Manufacturing	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9
Mining	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Contract Construction	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.8	.7	.8
Transport. & Public Utilities	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Wholesale & Retail Trade	23.3	23.0	23.8	24.7	25.2	25.5	26.1	25.9	26.1	26.0	26.3	26.6	25.2
Finance, Ins., & Real Estate	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.6
Services	28.3	28.3	28.5	28.6	28.8	28.9	29.4	29.5	29.8	29.7	29.9	29.9	29.1
Government ^{1/}	30.3	30.5	30.6	30.6	30.8	30.3	29.1	28.5	29.2	31.0	31.6	31.8	30.4

1977

Nonagricultural Wage & Salary	101.4	101.7	103.4	104.1	105.9	107.8
Manufacturing	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0
Mining	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Contract Construction	.7	.7	.7	.8	1.0	1.0
Transport. & Public Utilities	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7
Wholesale & Retail Trade	26.0	25.9	26.6	26.9	29.0	29.3
Finance, Ins., & Real Estate	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.0	7.1
Services	29.9	30.1	30.2	30.3	31.3	32.2
Government ^{1/}	31.2	31.4	32.3	32.3	30.8	31.2

^{1/} Includes all civilian employees of Federal, State, and Local Governments regardless of the activity in which the employee is engaged.
 Establishment Series began January, 1974.
 Revised to 1976 Benchmark.
 Prepared by Montana Employment Security Division in cooperation with U. S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

COMPOSITE INDEX OF SIX LEADING INDICATORS*

4**



Composite Index of SIX LEADING INDICATORS 1967 = 100

1976

January	96.8
February	95.0
March	97.4
April	100.5
May	97.7
June	95.7
July	95.9
August	96.9
September	100.9
October	101.5
November	100.4
December	101.1

1977

January	101.4
February	102.0
March	102.7
April	102.2
May	101.5
June	
July	
August	
September	
October	
November	
December	

MONTANA'S COMPOSITE INDEX

In May the Composite Index declined to 101.5 the lowest recording since the beginning of the year. No particular component of the index was responsible for the drop; all areas displayed slight decreases from the previous month.

June preliminary data reveal no pattern as yet. Building permits have risen considerably, but initial claims for unemployment insurance have also risen. Manufacturing activity will be the determining factor in the index in June.

* Employment, Average Weekly Hours, Total Accessions, and Layoffs in Manufacturing; Building Permits, and Average Weekly Initial Unemployment Insurance Claims.

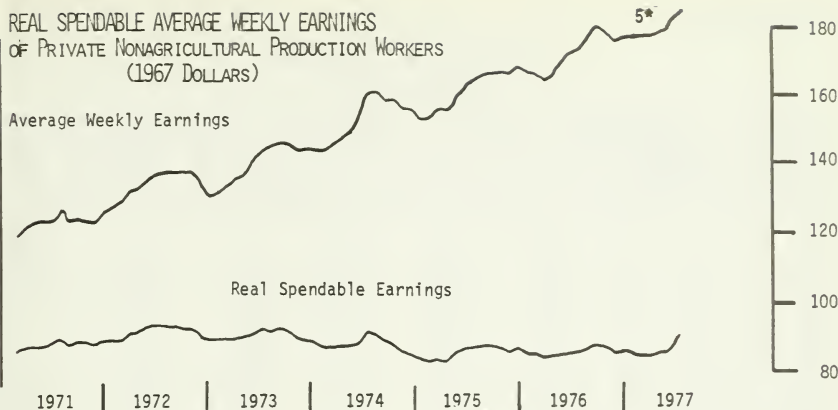
** Indicates last month of plotted data.

REAL SPENDABLE AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS
OF PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION WORKERS
(1967 DOLLARS)

Average Weekly Earnings

Real Spendable Earnings

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	JUNE 1977	MAY 1977	JUNE 1976
Gross Average Weekly Earnings	\$185.67	\$184.79	\$170.88
Taxes Withheld	25.81	29.27	25.12
Spendable Earnings	159.87	155.52	145.77
Adjustment for Price Changes Since 1967	71.93	69.40	60.08
Real Spendable Earnings in 1967 Dollars	87.94	86.12	85.69

	Average Weekly Earnings ^{1/}	Real Spendable Earnings ^{2/}
1976		
July	172.67	85.92
Aug.	175.69	86.77
Sep.	178.92	87.72
Oct.	177.79	86.90
Nov.	175.02	85.54
Dec.	175.78	85.62
1977		
Jan.	175.94	85.17
Feb.	176.00	84.35
Mar.	174.94	83.40
Apr.	178.69	84.21
May	184.79	86.12
June	185.67P	87.94P
July		
Aug.		
Sep.		
Oct.		
Nov.		
Dec.		

SPENDABLE EARNINGS

Aided by changes in the Federal withholding schedules, average weekly real spendable earnings jumped to \$87.94 in June, an increase of \$1.82 from May. Under the previous schedule real wages would have been computed as \$85.88 for June, which would have been a month-to-month decrease. While the effect of this increase can be minimized because it is only administrative in nature, the facts remain that take-home pay has increased and more dollars will be injected into Montana's economy.

* Indicates last month of plotted data.

p: Preliminary.

1/ Average weekly earnings of total private nonagricultural production workers.

2/ Real spendable average weekly earnings of private nonagricultural production workers.



MONTANA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Management Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						Montana	U. S.	
1975								
January	327.0	303.9	265.6	38.3	23.1	7.1	8.2	*
February	328.0	300.9	263.3	37.6	27.1	8.2	8.2	.1
March	326.8	301.0	265.9	35.1	25.8	7.9	8.7	.3
April	323.8	296.1	263.3	32.8	27.7	7.9	8.9	.2
May	326.8	300.0	266.1	33.9	26.8	7.9	9.2	.1
June	327.4	300.2	268.0	32.2	27.2	8.3	8.6	.1
July	326.8	300.5	268.6	31.9	26.3	8.1	8.4	.2
August	330.0	303.4	270.9	32.5	26.6	8.0	8.4	*
September	332.4	305.6	272.5	33.1	26.8	8.1	8.3	.3
October	335.3	307.3	272.6	34.7	28.0	8.4	8.6	.3
November	340.2	312.6	276.0	36.6	27.6	8.1	8.3	.2
December	340.8	311.2	272.6	38.6	29.6	8.7	8.3	.2
1975 Avg.	330.4	303.5	268.7	34.8	26.9	8.1	8.5	.1
1976								
January	335.4	308.3	275.8	32.5	27.1	8.1	7.8	*
February	336.6	310.1	276.7	33.4	26.5	7.9	7.6	*
March	336.0	308.9	275.9	33.0	27.1	8.1	7.5	*
April	337.2	311.9	276.8	35.1	25.3	7.5	7.5	*
May	335.5	309.9	276.8	33.1	25.6	7.6	7.3	*
June	332.0	305.7	272.6	33.1	26.3	7.9	7.5	.1
July	339.0	312.0	277.5	34.5	27.0	8.0	7.8	.1
August	340.5	311.6	277.9	33.7	28.9	8.5	7.9	.1
September	339.1	313.1	280.3	32.8	26.0	7.7	7.8	.1
October	339.6	314.8	281.8	33.0	24.8	7.3	7.9	.1
November	341.5	317.4	284.3	33.1	24.1	7.1	8.1	.1
December	339.4	315.2	281.5	33.7	24.2	7.1	7.8	.1
1976 Avg.	337.7	311.6	278.2	33.4	26.1	7.7	7.7	.1
1977								
January	349.6	323.4	289.2	34.2	26.2	7.5	7.3	.1
February	351.2	326.1	291.0	35.1	25.1	7.1	7.5	.1
March	348.7	325.1	290.2	34.9	23.6	6.8	7.3	.1
April	349.5	326.2	288.9	37.3	23.3	6.7	7.0	.1
May	348.5	325.3	290.4	34.9	23.2	6.7	6.9	.1
June	337.5	317.3	282.3	35.0	20.2	6.0	7.1	.1
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

^{1/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.^{2/} Non-additive - included in total employment.^{3/} Under 50.

Series began January 1970.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Current month preliminary.

NOTE: Seasonally adjusted data are provided for statistical analysis only and should not be confused with actual numbers.

RESIDENCE DATA

TABLE XIII
GREAT FALLS SMSA (CASCADE COUNTY)
Civilian Labor Force
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Manage- ment Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						County	State	
1975								
January	32.6	30.4	28.9	1.5	2.2	6.6	7.1	*
February	32.6	29.9	28.4	1.5	2.7	8.4	8.2	*
March	32.6	30.0	28.6	1.4	2.6	7.8	7.9	.1
April	32.6	29.8	28.5	1.3	2.8	8.7	7.9	.1
May	32.4	29.8	28.5	1.3	2.6	7.9	7.9	*
June	32.1	29.7	28.4	1.3	2.4	7.5	8.3	*
July	32.3	29.7	28.4	1.3	2.6	8.1	8.1	*
August	32.6	30.0	28.7	1.3	2.6	8.0	8.0	*
September	32.8	30.1	28.8	1.3	2.7	8.3	8.1	*
October	32.9	30.0	28.6	1.4	2.9	8.9	8.4	*
November	33.4	30.6	29.2	1.4	2.8	8.2	8.1	*
December	33.4	30.5	29.0	1.5	2.9	8.7	8.7	*
1975 Avg.	32.7	30.0	28.6	1.4	2.7	8.1	8.1	*
1976								
January	32.1	29.4	28.1	1.3	2.7	8.5	8.1	*
February	32.2	29.5	28.2	1.3	2.7	8.3	7.9	*
March	32.1	29.3	28.0	1.3	2.8	8.7	8.1	*
April	31.8	29.1	27.7	1.4	2.7	8.4	7.5	*
May	31.7	29.2	27.9	1.3	2.5	7.8	7.8	*
June	32.0	29.2	27.9	1.3	2.8	8.8	7.9	*
July	32.2	29.4	28.0	1.4	2.8	8.6	8.0	*
August	31.9	29.1	27.7	1.4	2.8	8.7	8.5	*
September	31.8	29.3	28.0	1.3	2.5	7.7	7.7	*
October	32.4	29.9	28.6	1.3	2.5	7.6	7.3	*
November	32.5	30.1	28.8	1.3	2.4	7.5	7.1	*
December	32.6	30.3	29.0	1.3	2.3	7.0	7.1	*
1976 Avg.	32.1	29.5	28.2	1.3	2.6	8.1	7.7	*
1977								
January	33.7	31.1	29.7	1.4	2.6	7.6	7.5	*
February	33.3	31.0	29.6	1.4	2.3	6.8	7.1	*
March	33.2	31.0	29.6	1.4	2.2	6.5	6.8	*
April	32.8	30.6	29.1	1.5	2.2	6.6	6.7	*
May	32.6	30.6	29.2	1.4	2.0	6.2	6.7	*
June	31.8	30.0	28.6	1.4	1.8	5.6	6.0	*
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

1/ Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.
2/ Non-additive - included in total employment.
* Under 50.

Series began January 1970.
Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.
Current month preliminary.

NOTE: Seasonally adjusted data are provided for statistical analysis only and should not be confused with actual numbers.

TABLE XIV
BILLINGS SMSA (YELLOWSTONE COUNTY)
Civilian Labor Force
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED
(in Thousands)

RESIDENCE DATA

Date	Civilian Labor Force	EMPLOYMENT			UNEMPLOYMENT			Labor Manage- ment Dispute ^{2/}
		Total	Non-Ag	Agri.	Total	Percent ^{1/}		
						County	State	
1975								
January	46.9	44.0	42.3	1.7	2.9	6.1	7.1	*
February	47.1	43.8	42.1	1.7	3.3	7.1	8.2	*
March	47.0	43.8	42.2	1.6	3.2	6.7	7.9	.1
April	47.5	43.9	42.4	1.5	3.6	7.6	7.9	*
May	47.2	44.1	42.5	1.6	3.1	6.5	7.9	*
June	47.2	44.2	42.7	1.5	3.0	6.4	8.3	*
July	47.7	44.6	43.2	1.4	3.1	6.5	8.1	*
August	48.1	44.9	43.3	1.6	3.2	6.7	8.0	*
September	48.3	45.0	43.5	1.5	3.3	6.8	8.1	.2
October	48.0	44.7	43.1	1.6	3.3	6.8	8.4	.2
November	49.0	45.9	44.2	1.7	3.1	6.4	8.1	*
December	48.5	45.4	43.7	1.7	3.1	6.4	8.7	*
1975 Avg.	47.7	44.5	42.9	1.6	3.2	6.7	8.1	*
1976								
January	46.7	43.6	42.1	1.5	3.1	6.7	8.1	*
February	47.3	44.3	42.8	1.5	3.0	6.3	7.9	*
March	47.5	44.5	43.0	1.5	3.0	6.3	8.1	*
April	47.7	44.7	43.1	1.6	3.0	6.2	7.5	*
May	48.2	45.4	43.9	1.5	2.8	5.7	7.6	*
June	47.7	44.6	43.0	1.6	3.1	6.4	7.9	*
July	47.7	44.7	43.2	1.5	3.0	6.2	8.0	*
August	47.9	44.9	43.3	1.6	3.0	6.3	8.5	*
September	48.6	45.8	44.3	1.5	2.8	5.8	7.7	*
October	49.4	46.6	45.1	1.5	2.8	5.7	7.3	*
November	50.2	47.4	45.9	1.5	2.8	5.5	7.1	*
December	50.2	47.4	45.9	1.5	2.8	5.6	7.1	*
1976 Avg.	48.2	45.3	43.8	1.5	2.9	6.0	7.7	*
1977								
January	51.4	48.2	46.7	1.5	3.2	6.2	7.5	*
February	52.3	49.2	47.6	1.6	3.1	5.9	7.1	*
March	51.9	49.3	47.7	1.6	2.6	5.0	6.8	*
April	51.0	48.3	46.6	1.7	2.7	5.3	6.7	*
May	50.3	47.6	46.0	1.6	2.7	5.4	6.7	*
June	49.8	47.8	46.2	1.6	2.0	4.0	6.0	*
July								
August								
September								
October								
November								
December								
Avg.								

^{1/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers.

^{2/} Non-additive - included in total employment.

* Under 50.

Series began January 1970.

Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

Current month preliminary.

NOTE: Seasonally adjusted data are provided for statistical analysis only and should not be confused with actual numbers.

MONTANA HOURS AND EARNINGS

For Private Nonagricultural Industries

JUNE 1977

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976	June 1977	May 1977	June 1976
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$185.67	\$184.79	\$170.88	5.32	5.31	4.80	\$34.9	\$34.8	\$35.6
MANUFACTURING	259.37	262.06	241.16	6.06	6.33	6.09	42.8	41.4	39.6
Durable Goods	261.36	265.44	241.20	5.94	6.32	6.03	44.0	42.0	39.8
Primary Metal Industries	287.28	287.60	295.29	7.20	7.19	7.71	39.9	40.0	38.3
Nondurable Goods	253.98	252.89	242.02	6.43	6.37	6.27	39.5	39.7	38.6
Food and Kindred Products	230.05	228.10	226.46	5.53	5.55	5.69	41.6	41.1	39.8
MINING	319.06	327.67	308.58	7.42	7.55	6.95	43.0	43.4	44.4
Metal Mining	302.48	302.48	303.17	7.60	7.60	7.10	39.8	39.8	42.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	336.60	345.22	310.76	9.00	8.99	8.03	37.4	38.4	38.7
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	301.49	301.49	260.99	7.30	7.30	6.35	41.3	41.3	41.1
Communications, Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	265.03	265.03	233.11	6.48	6.48	5.77	40.9	40.9	40.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	151.39	151.01	135.17	4.56	4.84	3.84	33.2	31.2	35.2
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	128.50	131.38	121.97	3.54	3.57	3.36	36.3	36.8	36.3
SERVICES	110.19	109.59	108.81	3.71	3.69	3.51	29.7	29.7	31.0

Data for current month are preliminary.

Averages are based on gross earnings, including overtime and premium pay.

Selected Industries series began January 1950; Total Private Sector series began January 1969 (May 1972 issue). Prepared by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE XVI

MONTANA LABOR TURNOVER RATES
In Manufacturing and Mining Industries
(per 100 employees)

MAY 1977

	ACCESSION RATES						SEPARATION RATES								
	Total			New Hires			Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	May 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1976	May 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1976	May 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1976	May 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1976	May 1977	Apr. 1977	May 1976
MANUFACTURING															
Durable Goods	3.5	3.7	3.7	2.6	4.5	3.2	2.5	2.8	3.0	1.2	1.8	1.6	0.7	0.6	0.6
Primary Metal Industries	4.3	2.7	2.9	0.8	2.4	2.0	3.7	2.6	3.1	0.7	0.9	0.3	2.1	1.2	1.8
Nondurable Goods	2.8	3.7	3.5	2.5	2.9	2.9	4.3	2.9	1.3	2.0	1.5	0.9	1.4	0.4	0.2
MINING															
Metal Mining	2.8	3.4	2.7	1.3	1.9	1.1	3.8	3.0	5.1	1.8	1.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	3.6
	2.8	4.2	2.0	0.1	1.0	0.0	2.1	1.4	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0

* Less than .05.
 Prepared by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
 Series began January 1959.

TABLE XVII
NEW BUSINESS FIRMS IN MONTANA
BY INDUSTRY

New business firms in Montana are a reflection of economic activity within the business community. Data furnished on this page and the following page are an aggregate of information supplied by the office of the Montana Secretary of State and the Montana Employment Security Division. These data should in no way be construed as being absolute. They are presented to indicate business trends during the survey period.

The chart on the following page is a break-down by county and labor market area of business starts in Montana during the current month and year to date, with a comparison to the previous year.

The following chart is a break-down of new businesses by industry, with a comparison to last year.

<u>Industry</u>	<u>Year to Date</u>			
	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES	24	42	161	154
MINING	14	11	78	44
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	80	72	432	222
MANUFACTURING	19	21	112	66
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, ELECTRIC, GAS, AND SANITARY SERVICES	16	9	85	47
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	97	69	598	284
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	36	19	231	123
SERVICES	102	104	712	448
GOVERNMENT	0	0	0	0
NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED	3	2	47	0
STATE TOTAL	391	319	2,456	1,388

TABLE XVIII
NEW BUSINESS FIRMS IN MONTANA
BY LABOR MARKET AREA

NEW BUSINESS FIRMS					NEW BUSINESS FIRMS				
Areas	June 1977	June 1976	Year to Date		Areas	June 1977	June 1976	Year to Date	
			1977	1976				1977	1976
STATE OF MONTANA	391	390	2,456	1,388	HAVRE LMA	16	12	87	44
GREAT FALLS SMSA	29	20	271	119	Blaine	1	1	11	4
BILLINGS SMSA	61	76	357	226	Hill	11	8	53	33
					Liberty	4	3	23	7
ANACONDA-BUTTE LMA	40	33	186	118	HELENA LMA	39	22	196	96
Beaverhead	7	3	22	22	Broadwater	3	0	11	1
Deer Lodge	6	5	15	15	Jefferson	2	1	13	9
Granite	1	4	5	5	Lewis and Clark	34	21	172	86
Madison	3	6	21	11	KALISPELL LMA	43	40	288	156
Powell	3	0	13	8	Flathead	33	21	201	99
Silver Bow	20	15	110	57	Lake	8	14	50	41
BOZEMAN LMA	35	37	239	118	Lincoln	2	5	37	16
Gallatin	25	30	184	93	LEWISTOWN LMA	12	10	56	28
Meagher	0	1	3	3	Fergus	7	5	38	15
Park	10	6	52	22	Golden Valley	1	1	2	2
GLASGOW LMA	10	13	68	66	Judith Basin	2	0	4	0
Daniels	0	1	3	17	Musselshell	1	3	10	8
Phillips	3	0	7	1	Petroleum	0	0	0	2
Roosevelt	1	5	19	19	Wheatland	1	1	2	1
Sheridan	4	2	14	13	MILES CITY LMA	10	13	69	57
Valley	2	5	25	16	Carter	0	1	5	2
GLENDIVE LMA	13	9	84	45	Custer	9	8	42	23
Dawson	3	3	25	16	Fallon	0	0	4	8
Garfield	0	1	3	3	Powder River	0	1	2	4
McCone	3	1	5	7	Rosebud	1	3	13	17
Prairie	0	0	10	3	Treasure	0	0	3	3
Richland	7	4	39	16	MISSOULA LMA	55	83	382	213
Wibaux	0	0	2	0	Mineral	0	4	6	5
HARDIN-RED LODGE LMA	13	14	57	45	Missoula	47	55	288	154
Big Horn	2	1	14	8	Ravalli	6	9	61	24
Carbon	0	3	21	18	Sanders	2	15	27	30
Stillwater	7	6	15	12	SHELBY-CUT BANK LMA	15	8	116	57
Sweet Grass	4	4	7	7	Chouteau	0	3	11	14
					Glacier	8	1	23	13
					Pondera	3	2	36	8
					Teton	2	2	9	11
					Toole	2	0	37	11

Source of data: State of Montana Employment Security Division, Research and Analysis Section; Montana Secretary of State.



UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE: CLAIM TO PAYMENT

Many of those persons who become separated from their jobs, enter our local Job Service offices for two reasons; to seek employment and to claim unemployment insurance (UI) benefits. Claimant wage credits obtained from insured employers are examined to determine if the claim meets monetary eligibility requirements for UI benefits and, if so, for how much per week and for how many potential weeks is the claimant qualified.* Monetarily eligible claims are subsequently segregated according to criteria for establishing which party (claimant or employer) was most responsible for the job separation in question. Claims for job separations resulting from claimant actions (issues) are further subjected to the test of whether or not an individual's reduction in his potential benefit duration is warranted. If otherwise eligible and if availability criteria continue to be complied with throughout his actual unemployment duration, weekly benefit payments will commence with the claimant's second week of unemployment (a waiting week must be served under the Montana Law). The number and amount of such payments by county are shown in the table on the following page. Interstate payments in the table refer to payments made to individuals who now reside in other states but who had established wage credits in Montana based employment. Amounts shown in the table are financed through employer taxes paid to the Montana UI Trust Fund Account.

* *If sufficient wage credits have been secured by a claimant from sources other than insured employment, he may be eligible for benefits which are financed wholly or partially from federal funds.*

TABLE XIX DISTRIBUTION OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

June 1977

COUNTY

INTRASTATE

NO. OF PAYS

AMT. OF PAYS

BEAVERHEAD	166	11,236.00
BIG HORN	273	18,788.00
BLAINE	146	9,254.00
BROADWATER	23	1,581.00
CARBON	214	15,350.00
CARTER	18	1,030.00
CASCADE	2,329	166,672.00
CHOUTEAU	65	4,227.00
CUSTER	167	12,753.00
DANIELS	25	1,717.00
DAWSON	162	11,887.00
DEER LODGE	832	66,626.00
FALLON	24	1,711.00
FERGUS	297	21,416.00
FLATHEAD	1,661	120,013.00
GALLATIN	948	69,597.00
GARFIELD	5	345.00
GLACIER	455	32,657.00
GOLDEN VALLEY	19	851.00
GRANITE	124	9,847.00
HILL	416	29,138.00
JEFFERSON	254	18,920.00
JUDITH BASIN	30	2,286.00
LAKE	579	37,751.00
LEWIS & CLARK	1,315	101,211.00
LIBERTY	17	944.00
LINCOLN	810	57,228.00
MADISON	87	6,006.00
MCCONE	27	1,489.00
MEAGHER	63	4,439.00
MINERAL	220	17,169.00
MISSOULA	2,634	187,736.00
MUSSELSHELL	213	15,835.00
PARK	369	24,705.51
PHILLIPS	153	9,813.00
PONDERA	115	8,000.00
POWDER RIVER	11	823.00
POWELL	305	24,087.00
PRAIRIE	11	747.00
RAVALLI	710	47,532.00
RICHLAND	136	9,913.00
ROOSEVELT	274	17,826.00
ROSEBUD	377	31,242.00
SANDERS	327	20,538.00
SHERIDAN	26	1,746.00
SILVER BOW	2,244	169,712.00
STILLWATER	83	6,044.00
SWEETGRASS	18	1,462.00
TETON	96	6,320.00
TOOLE	95	7,066.00
TREASURE	23	1,542.00
VALLEY	503	32,999.00
WHEATLAND	28	2,277.00
WIBAUX	18	1,042.00
YELLOWSTONE	2,964	227,563.23
TOTAL FOR STATE	23,504	1,710,709.74
INTERSTATE	1,571	147,941.58
TOTAL	25,075	1,858,651.32

January thru June 1977

COUNTY NO. OF PAYS AMT. OF PAYS

BEAVERHEAD	1,481	106,558.00
BIG HORN	2,529	196,539.00
BLAINE	1,286	89,588.00
BROADWATER	568	41,389.00
CARBON	1,915	142,818.00
CARTER	151	10,966.00
CASCADE	19,125	1,393,729.50
CHOUTEAU	809	53,662.00
CUSTER	3,094	248,076.00
DANIELS	267	21,199.00
DAWSON	2,301	168,025.00
DEER LODGE	5,360	427,779.00
FALLON	312	25,924.00
FERGUS	3,613	270,477.00
FLATHEAD	18,143	1,345,057.49
GALLATIN	9,804	734,657.00
GARFIELD	200	16,319.00
GLACIER	4,221	311,400.00
GOLDEN VALLEY	174	11,202.00
GRANITE	1,294	98,802.00
HILL	3,557	263,896.00
JEFFERSON	2,240	180,312.00
JUDITH BASIN	248	19,508.00
LAKE	4,990	345,687.00
LEWIS & CLARK	10,714	822,202.97
LIBERTY	184	13,083.00
LINCOLN	8,449	651,027.00
MADISON	911	58,829.00
MCCONE	337	22,848.00
MEAGHER	615	48,835.00
MINERAL	2,286	168,316.68
MISSOULA	21,746	1,566,178.50
MUSSELSHELL	1,992	153,796.00
PARK	3,817	262,779.14
PETROLEUM	29	2,781.00
PHILLIPS	1,130	77,007.00
PONDERA	1,208	91,460.00
POWDER RIVER	223	20,392.00
POWELL	2,482	196,171.00
PRAIRIE	470	38,744.00
RAVALLI	5,818	407,889.00
RICHLAND	1,484	112,331.00
ROOSEVELT	2,051	141,613.00
ROSEBUD	3,091	253,689.00
SANDERS	2,917	208,466.00
SHERIDAN	524	39,307.00
SILVER BOW	17,651	1,398,348.00
STILLWATER	1,110	92,107.00
SWEETGRASS	334	27,301.00
TETON	1,058	76,811.75
TOOLE	1,398	110,101.00
TREASURE	306	24,828.00
VALLEY	3,613	261,116.00
WHEATLAND	304	26,154.00
WIBAUX	239	14,912.00
YELLOWSTONE	27,258	2,144,394.23
TOTAL FOR STATE	213,431	16,057,388.26
INTERSTATE	15,840	1,547,804.22
TOTAL	229,271	17,605,192.48

TABLE XXI
SELECTED UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES IN MONTANA

YEAR-TO-DATE

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Net Change</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
Initial Claims ^{1/}	24,841	25,895	-1,054	-4.1
Continued Claims ^{1/}	250,585	271,780	-21,195	-7.8
Number of Benefit Payments ^{1/}	229,271	239,022	-9,751	-4.1
Amount of Benefits Paid ^{1/}	17,605,192	15,621,221	1,983,971	12.7

MONTHLY

	<u>June 1977</u>	<u>May 1977</u>	<u>June 1976</u>	<u>Change From Year Ago Net</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Initial Claims ^{1/}	3,637	2,586	4,437	-800	-22.0
Continued Claims ^{1/}	28,997	30,003	34,135	-5,138	-15.1
Number of Benefit Payments ^{1/}	25,075	27,151	25,207	-132	-0.5
Amount of Benefits Paid ^{1/}	\$1,858,651	\$2,082,162	\$1,625,471	\$233,180	14.3
Trust Fund Balance	\$5,364,379*	\$7,201,930*	\$2,331,264*	\$3,033,115	130.1

^{1/} Regular Unemployment Insurance Program only.

* Includes loans from Federal Government.

Between the months of May and June, continued claims, the number of benefit payments, and the amount of benefit payments are generally expected to go down, while initial claims are expected to go up due to an annual increase in the number of labor force re-entrants and new entrants. This response did occur in 1977; however, the magnitudes of the decreases were not as great as usual, and the rise in initial claims was greater than usual. Therefore, this month's unemployment insurance statistics appear more favorable than they really are. The significance of the decline in the Trust Fund Balance can verify this sub-par performance.

Fortunately, one month's data do not necessarily display trends. In analyzing year-to-date data, favorable conditions exist in all series except the amount of benefits paid statistic, which is affected by inflated dollars.



MONTANA

ANNUAL STATEWIDE LABOR REPORT FOR 1972

JULY 1977

INDUSTRY

(In Thousands)

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	AVERAGE
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS^{1/}	273.9	276.4	284.7	294.6	298.6	316.3	314.7	321.1	306.6	294.2	291.2	290.6	296.9
EMPLOYED PERSONS	251.0	253.5	262.6	276.8	283.9	298.6	298.3	305.4	291.9	279.3	274.6	269.8	278.8
Persons Employed in Agriculture	22.5	24.2	25.1	36.4	35.5	42.0	41.2	47.7	38.8	29.9	26.7	23.4	33.1
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	22.9	22.9	22.1	17.8	14.7	17.7	16.4	15.7	14.7	14.9	16.6	20.8	18.1
Percent of Labor Force, Unemployed ^{2/}	8.3	8.3	7.8	6.1	4.9	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.7	7.2	6.1
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{2/}	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.0	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1
NON-FAIRM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)^{3/}	200.2	200.8	206.4	211.1	211.8	223.9	225.6	235.4	233.2	219.4	217.3	217.2	215.3
MANUFACTURING	54.3	54.3	54.0	54.2	54.6	55.4	55.8	55.0	54.6	54.1	53.0	53.6	54.5
Durable Goods	15.9	16.0	15.8	15.8	16.2	16.9	17.2	16.6	16.1	15.6	15.5	15.1	16.0
24 Lumber and Wood Products	8.6	8.8	8.6	8.6	9.0	9.6	9.8	9.8	9.6	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.5
33 Primary Metal Industries	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
Other Durable Goods	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Non-durable Goods	38.4	38.3	38.2	38.4	38.4	38.5	38.6	38.4	38.5	38.5	38.5	38.5	38.5
20 Food and Kindred Products	4.3	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1
27 Printing and Publishing	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
28 Textile Mill and Apparel	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other Non-durable Goods	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
MINING	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.3
3.5 Coal	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7
13 Oil and Gas, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0
13 Oil and Gas, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7
15 General Building Construction	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
16 Heavy Construction Contractors	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
17 Special Trade Contractors	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3
40 Railroad Transportation	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
41-47 Transportation, except Railroad	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
48 & 49 Communication, Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	48.4	48.3	48.8	48.2	48.7	48.8	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6
52 Retail Trade	11.7	11.6	11.0	12.2	12.4	12.6	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9	12.9
53 & 54 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories	38.7	38.7	37.8	40.0	41.3	43.2	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7	43.7
55 Automotive Dealers, Service Stations	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6
56 Barbing and Draping Parlors	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
57, 59 Equip. Met., Farm Equip., Farm, Home	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
SERVICES	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1	34.1
70 Hotels and other Lodging Places	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
72 Restaurants	11.9	11.9	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.1
80 Motion and other Health Services	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3
GOVERNMENT	53.9	54.3	54.5	55.4	55.9	57.5	55.6	55.2	55.2	55.4	55.6	56.1	55.4
81 Federal Government	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.8	12.3	13.6	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7	13.7
92 & 93 State and Local Government	42.8	43.2	43.4	43.6	43.6	43.9	41.9	41.5	41.5	41.7	41.9	42.4	41.7

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Samples, Census and Other Relationships; includes nonagricultural self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.
^{2/} Percentages based on the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by research and analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.
^{3/} 1977 Standard Industrial Classification.
 Revised to 1976 base months.



MONTANA

ANNUAL STATISTICAL LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1975

(in thousands)

JULY 1977

INDUSTRY

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	AVERAGE
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS//	286.2	289.1	297.6	303.3	309.2	326.0	329.9	338.0	320.9	308.3	302.4	299.5	309.2
EMPLOYED PERSONS	261.1	265.6	276.0	285.1	293.7	305.7	311.6	321.7	305.2	292.3	283.6	280.1	290.1
Persons Employed in Agriculture	22.4	25.3	30.6	36.7	38.5	41.1	48.1	57.3	45.1	34.9	29.3	25.7	36.3
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	25.1	23.5	21.6	18.2	15.5	20.3	18.3	16.3	15.7	16.0	18.8	19.4	19.1
Percent of Labor Force: Unemployed//	8.8	8.1	7.3	6.0	5.0	6.2	5.6	4.8	4.9	5.2	6.2	6.5	6.2
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted//	6.5	6.1	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.2	5.9	6.2
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Seasonally Adjusted)///	209.6	210.6	214.9	219.0	224.5	232.8	235.9	244.4	232.3	227.5	227.1	226.2	234.6
MANUFACTURING	23.3	23.7	23.7	23.8	24.4	25.7	26.2	26.2	25.1	24.8	24.3	24.3	24.8
Durable Goods	14.8	15.2	15.4	16.4	16.9	16.8	17.0	17.0	16.8	16.4	16.1	16.7	16.1
Non-durable Goods	8.5	8.5	8.3	7.4	7.5	8.9	9.2	9.2	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.6	8.7
33 Primary Metal Industries	2.4	2.3	2.3	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.1	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.4
33 Other Metal Industries	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Other Durable Goods	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.9
Non-durable Goods	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.4	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
20 Food and Kindred Products	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
27 Printing and Publishing	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
29 Petroleum and Coal Products	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1
Other Non-durable Goods	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Mining	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.6	6.5	6.8	6.5
10 Metal Mining	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8
12 & 14 Bitum. Coal, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1
15 Oil and Gas Extraction	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	8.7	9.0	10.3	12.2	13.5	14.6	15.6	16.2	15.5	14.8	13.5	11.9	13.0
15 General Building Contractors	3.3	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.9	4.3	4.5
16 Heavy Construction Contractors	2.0	2.2	2.7	4.0	4.6	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.0	4.7	3.8	3.0	4.0
17 Special Trade Contractors	3.4	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.6	4.9	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.6	4.6	4.5
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	17.7	17.7	17.9	18.0	18.5	19.1	19.3	19.3	19.4	19.0	18.9	18.7	18.7
40 Railroad Transportation	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.8	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.2	6.3
41 Air and Water Transportation	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
42 Trucking and Warehousing	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
43 & 44 Communication, Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	52.0	52.0	52.4	54.6	56.2	59.2	58.7	59.4	58.5	57.3	57.5	57.9	56.2
52 General Merchandise Stores	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7	28.7
53 Food and Kindred Products	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9	13.9
54 General Merchandise Stores	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2
55 & 56 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9
57 Food Stores	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9
58 Automotive Industry, Service Stations	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
59 Automotive Industry, Service Stations	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
60 Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4
61 Furniture and Home Furnishings	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
62, 63, 64 Equip., Furn., Home	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.4	9.7	9.4
65 Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.4	9.7	9.4
SERVICES	37.2	37.5	38.8	39.4	40.1	42.0	42.8	43.0	42.4	40.6	40.2	40.6	40.4
70 Hotels and other Lodging Places	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.9	5.3	6.9	7.3	7.3	6.4	5.4	5.1	5.2	5.6
72 Personal Services	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
80 Medical and other Health Services	11.9	11.9	12.8	12.9	13.0	13.1	13.0	13.1	13.2	13.0	12.9	13.0	12.8
Other Services	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4	13.4
GOVERNMENT	55.2	55.4	55.7	55.7	56.3	57.1	56.0	55.8	54.1	55.7	56.2	56.1	55.4
81 Federal Government	11.4	11.2	11.2	11.4	12.0	12.5	12.3	12.4	12.2	12.5	12.2	11.8	12.2
82 State and Local Government	44.8	44.2	44.5	44.3	44.3	44.6	43.7	43.4	41.9	43.2	44.0	44.3	43.2
83 Social Security	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
83 Local Government	27.3	27.6	27.8	27.8	28.0	28.3	28.6	28.1	28.6	27.3	27.5	27.6	27.3

// Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; Includes nonagricultural self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.
 /// Figures from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Division of Economic Accounts.
 1975 Standard Industrial Classification.



U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

MONTANA

ANNUAL STATEWIDE LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1974

JULY 1977

INDUSTRY

(in thousands)

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	AVERAGE
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	298.4	297.8	309.5	318.3	332.1	330.7	332.1	346.6	334.4	325.1	320.1	318.9	325.3
EMPLOYED PERSONS	270.9	273.6	296.7	313.6	333.6	330.9	328.4	328.4	317.0	306.8	297.5	294.6	305.3
Persons Employed in Agriculture	24.8	24.8	34.0	38.1	44.2	50.4	54.5	41.2	39.1	34.0	32.6	28.8	38.8
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	22.5	24.2	23.5	21.6	18.5	24.2	21.2	18.2	17.4	19.3	22.6	24.3	21.8
Percent of Labor Force Unemployed ^{2/}	6.9	8.1	7.6	6.8	5.6	7.3	6.4	5.4	5.2	5.9	7.1	7.7	6.7
Percent of Labor Force Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	6.9	6.2	6.3	6.6	6.6	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.7	7.2	7.2	6.7
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data) ^{3/}	217.4	215.6	223.1	228.3	232.9	231.2	233.6	245.4	245.9	241.6	235.4	232.5	234.0
MANUFACTURING	25.3	24.5	23.6	23.7	24.4	25.7	26.3	26.5	26.9	24.7	23.8	22.9	24.6
Durable Goods	14.7	15.0	15.2	15.3	16.0	17.0	17.3	17.5	17.0	16.2	15.4	14.5	15.9
Non-durable Goods	9.0	9.0	9.2	8.8	8.4	10.2	10.5	10.6	10.2	9.9	10.2	9.6	9.6
33 Primary Metal Industries	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.4
Other Durable Goods	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.0
Non-durable Goods	8.6	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.4	8.7	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.4	8.6
20 Food and Kindred Products	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1
27 Printing and Publishing	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
29 Petroleum and Coal Products	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Other Non-durable Goods	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
MINING	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.5	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.2	7.1	7.1
10 Metal Mining	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.8	4.0
11 Bituminous Coal, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
13 Oil and Gas Extraction	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	10.1	10.5	11.4	13.2	13.2	13.4	16.1	16.6	16.4	15.0	13.8	12.1	13.5
15 General Building Contractors	4.1	4.3	5.7	5.1	5.2	5.2	6.2	6.6	6.4	4.7	5.0	5.3	5.3
16 Heavy and Highway Contractors	4.2	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6
17 Special Trade Contractors	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	18.4	18.5	18.7	19.1	19.5	20.0	20.2	20.2	20.1	19.9	19.7	18.6	19.5
40 Local Transportation	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.0
41 Air and Water Transportation	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7
48 & 49 Comm., Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	54.9	54.5	55.2	57.4	58.1	59.0	62.0	62.4	61.5	60.3	59.0	58.8	59.8
52 Food Stores	41.6	41.2	42.3	43.9	45.2	46.8	47.4	47.8	47.3	46.0	44.7	43.4	44.8
53 & 56 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories	7.4	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.2
54 Food Stores	6.0	5.0	6.0	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.4	6.4
55 Non-Food Stores	12.0	12.5	13.0	13.8	14.6	15.2	15.5	15.9	15.6	15.8	15.4	15.2	15.2
58 Eating and Drinking Places	8.4	8.2	8.4	8.7	8.9	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.3	9.0	8.7	8.4	8.8
52, 57, 59 Bldg. Mat., Farm Equip., Furn., Misc.	9.7	9.6	9.7	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.1	10.0	9.8	10.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	39.1	39.5	40.1	41.0	41.8	42.9	45.0	45.3	44.6	43.8	43.1	42.1	43.4
SERVICES	4.8	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.5	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.1	6.8	6.1	5.6	6.2
70 Hotels and Other Lodging Places	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
71 Personal Services	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
80 Health, Welfare, Health Services	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other Services	19.5	19.7	20.0	20.6	20.8	21.2	21.3	21.4	21.5	21.2	21.0	20.7	20.7
GOVERNMENT	55.3	54.8	57.1	57.3	58.3	59.9	56.4	56.4	59.3	60.4	60.1	61.4	58.2
91 Federal Government	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	11.5
92 State Government	18.6	17.2	17.5	16.9	17.4	17.3	18.3	18.4	18.5	18.6	17.7	17.8	17.2
93 Local Government	27.2	26.1	28.1	28.8	29.5	29.5	26.6	26.5	29.2	28.7	28.1	30.6	29.1

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes nonagricultural self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Produced in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.

^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification. Rebased to 1976 Benchmark.



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(In Thousands)

INDUSTRY	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	AVERAGE
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS^{1/2}	308.7	309.6	316.6	320.3	327.9	349.1	346.9	350.9	340.2	332.6	332.4	330.7	330.5
EMPLOYED PERSONS	279.8	278.2	287.3	292.3	304.3	319.7	321.3	327.9	317.7	308.6	305.8	303.6	303.6
Persons Employed in Agriculture	26.8	27.4	30.2	32.9	37.0	40.8	42.2	47.2	38.4	34.0	31.5	29.2	34.8
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	28.9	31.4	29.3	28.0	23.6	29.4	25.6	23.0	22.5	24.2	26.6	30.1	26.9
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	9.4	10.1	9.3	8.7	7.2	8.4	7.4	6.6	6.6	7.2	8.0	9.1	8.1
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	7.1	8.2	7.9	7.9	7.9	8.3	8.1	8.0	8.1	8.4	8.7	8.7	8.1
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)^{3/}	227.9	227.9	229.9	232.6	232.4	244.2	244.3	247.0	232.6	234.0	234.7	230.8	232.1
MANUFACTURING	21.9	21.3	20.9	21.1	21.2	22.3	23.1	23.3	23.0	23.8	23.2	21.6	22.1
Durable Goods	13.3	12.9	12.1	12.8	12.9	14.7	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.6	14.3	13.8	14.1
Non-durable Goods	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3
33 Primary Metal Industries	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7
Other Durable Goods	8.1	8.1	7.9	8.0	7.3	7.5	8.1	8.3	8.0	8.6	7.9	8.0	8.0
Non-durable Goods	4.0	3.8	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.8	3.8
27 Printing and Publishing	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
29 Petroleum and Coal Products	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1
29 Petroleum and Coal Products	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.4	1.5
Other Non-durable Goods	8.9	6.7	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.0	6.0	6.4
MINING	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.8	3.9	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.5	3.1
10 Metal Mining	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
12 & 14 Bitum. Coal, Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.8
13 Oil and Gas Extraction	10.2	10.0	10.1	10.2	11.4	12.8	13.7	14.2	14.1	13.1	13.0	12.3	12.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.5	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7
15 General Building Contractors	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	3.4	4.1	4.5	4.6	4.9	4.3	4.4	4.0	3.8
16 Heavy Construction Contractors	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.9	4.5	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.3	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.6
17 Special Trade Contractors	18.6	18.5	18.6	18.5	18.8	19.4	19.6	19.6	19.3	19.1	18.9	19.0	19.0
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.1	5.9	6.1
40 Railroad Transportation	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8
41 Air Transportation, except Flight School	7.0	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
42 & 43 Comm., Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	56.3	55.6	57.2	57.7	58.1	60.8	61.6	62.7	58.1	60.5	60.0	59.9	59.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	14.2	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.2	14.4	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.2	14.2
Merchandise Trade	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
52 Food Stores	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
53 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
54 Food Stores	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
55 Automotive Dealers, Service Stations	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.7	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.0
56 Eating and Drinking Places	12.6	12.7	12.7	12.3	12.5	12.1	12.6	12.1	12.7	12.3	12.9	12.9	12.9
57, 57 & 58. Equip., Farm Equip., Farm, Mfg.	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	9.9	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.2	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.3	10.3	10.2	10.2
SEVICES	42.5	42.9	43.0	42.9	43.3	44.5	45.1	47.0	45.9	44.9	44.7	44.6	44.3
70 Hotels and other Lodging Places	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
72 Personal Services	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
80 Medical and other Health Services	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.3	13.9	14.1	14.2	14.3	14.0	13.6
Other Services	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.9	22.0	22.7	23.0	22.7	22.7	22.9	22.1	22.1
GOVERNMENT	61.8	63.0	63.5	63.9	64.9	67.3	63.5	63.5	65.6	66.7	68.4	67.5	64.9
81 Federal Government	13.0	12.8	12.9	13.2	13.9	15.8	15.8	16.0	15.4	14.4	14.3	13.5	14.2
Total State and Local Government	48.6	50.2	50.6	50.7	51.0	51.5	47.7	47.5	50.2	52.3	54.1	53.7	50.7
83 Local Government	30.0	31.5	31.5	32.1	33.3	33.1	30.4	30.4	32.4	33.4	34.7	34.7	32.2

^{1/2} Excludes based on National Household Sample, Census and other Relationships; includes nonagricultural self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.^{3/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Produced in cooperation with the U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.^{4/} 1975 Standard Industrial Classification. Revised to 1976 Base Numbers.



U.S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

INDUSTRY

MONTANA

ANNUAL STATEWIDE LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1976

(In Thousands)

JULY 1977

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	AVERAGE
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS/	316.8	317.8	325.7	333.4	336.4	353.9	359.4	361.2	346.8	337.2	334.0	309.6	337.7
EMPLOYED PERSONS	284.0	287.0	295.1	307.8	314.0	325.2	333.0	336.0	325.2	316.3	310.8	305.0	311.6
Persons Employed in Agriculture	20.9	23.1	28.1	35.0	36.3	41.7	44.9	48.4	38.0	32.5	28.2	24.4	33.4
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	32.8	30.8	30.6	25.6	22.4	28.7	26.4	25.2	21.6	20.9	23.2	24.6	26.1
Percent of Labor Force, Unemployed/	10.4	9.7	9.4	7.7	6.6	8.1	7.3	7.0	6.2	6.2	7.0	7.9	7.7
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted/	9.1	7.9	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.9	9.0	8.5	7.7	7.3	7.1	7.1	7.7
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS (Establishment Data)/	236.0	237.1	239.5	245.0	249.3	253.2	258.7	256.9	237.7	234.6	233.4	231.5	239.2
MANUFACTURING	22.5	22.4	22.1	22.6	22.7	23.7	24.4	24.9	24.6	24.2	24.6	24.2	23.6
24 Textile Goods	14.1	14.0	14.1	14.4	14.9	15.3	15.6	16.0	15.9	15.7	15.8	15.5	15.1
24 Lumber and Wood Products	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.6	8.9	9.1	9.4	9.9	9.9	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.1
33 Primary Metal Industries	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2
Other Durable Goods	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.7
Non-durable Goods	8.4	8.4	8.0	8.2	7.9	8.4	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.6	8.9	8.7	8.6
20 Food and Kindred Products	3.6	3.8	3.3	3.4	3.2	3.6	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.6	4.0	3.9	3.9
27 Printing and Publishing	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0
29 Textile and Coat Products	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
Other Non-durable Goods	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
MINING	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.3	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.9
10 Metal Mining	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4
13 Coal and Gas Extraction	2.7	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	9.8	10.1	10.6	12.8	13.7	14.4	15.3	16.3	16.4	15.6	14.5	12.6	13.6
14 General Building Construction	3.3	3.4	3.5	4.3	4.7	5.1	5.5	6.1	5.7	5.6	4.9	4.5	4.8
15 Nonbuilding Construction	6.5	6.7	7.1	8.5	9.0	9.3	9.8	10.2	10.7	10.0	9.6	8.1	8.8
17 Special Trade Contractors	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.7	5.8	6.1	5.7	5.3	5.0	5.1
TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES	16.8	16.8	16.7	16.9	19.0	19.6	19.6	18.8	18.7	19.4	18.1	18.3	18.2
41-47 Transportation, except Railroad	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
48 & 49 Communication, Electric, Gas, Sanitary Services	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	59.4	59.2	59.3	61.4	62.6	64.4	65.3	66.5	66.6	64.1	64.2	64.4	65.0
52 General Merchandise Stores	45.9	45.9	46.0	48.7	49.9	50.8	51.2	51.2	50.6	48.7	48.5	47.9	47.9
53 & 54 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories	7.2	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.4	7.6	8.0	7.5
54 Food Stores	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.5
55 Eating and Drinking Places	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
56 Retail and Wholesale Trade, Farm, Misc.	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.7	10.7	10.6	10.7	10.7	10.7	10.6
SERVICES	46.2	45.7	46.4	48.8	46.9	46.2	46.4	48.7	49.6	48.1	47.9	47.9	47.7
70 Hotels and other Lodging Places	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8
72 Personal Services	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
80 Other Services	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5
GOVERNMENT	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7	64.7
90 Federal Government	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7
92 State Government	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7
94 Local Government	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.3

1/ Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and other relationships. Includes nonagricultural self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.
2/ Computed from whole unrounded numbers. Provided in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.
3/ 1978 Standard Industrial Classification. Revised to 1978 Benchmark.



U. S. Department of Labor
Employment and Training Administration

MONTANA

ANNUAL STATEWIDE LABOR FORCE REPORT FOR 1977

JULY 1977

INDUSTRY

(In Thousands)

AVERAGE

DEC.

NOV.

OCT.

SEPT.

AUG.

JULY

JUNE

MAY

APR.

MAR.

FEB.

JAN.

CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS//

330.9

332.3

338.2

345.7

349.3

359.5

EMPLOYED PERSONS

299.0

302.9

311.2

322.0

329.4

335.8

PERSONS EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURE

22.6

24.8

27.9

31.0

33.2

43.5

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS

31.9

29.4

27.0

23.7

19.9

22.7

PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE, UNEMPLOYED//

9.7

8.9

8.0

6.9

5.7

6.3

PERCENT OF LABOR FORCE, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED//

7.6

7.1

6.8

6.7

6.7

6.0

6.0

NON-FARM AGES AND SALARY (2025 Basis) (Data)

349.4

349.8

352.0

355.4

359.8

367.5

MANUFACTURING

34.1

34.1

33.9

33.9

34.4

34.9

Durable Goods

16.4

16.6

16.4

15.6

16.2

16.5

Non-durable Goods

17.7

17.5

17.5

17.8

18.2

18.4

33 Personal and Household Goods

3.3

3.3

3.3

3.3

3.4

3.4

33 Other Durable Goods

2.5

2.5

2.5

2.5

2.8

2.8

Non-durable Goods

8.7

8.6

8.6

8.4

8.2

8.4

27 Printing and Publishing

2.0

2.0

2.0

2.0

2.0

2.0

29 Petroleum and Coal Products

1.3

1.2

1.2

1.3

1.2

1.3

Other Non-durable Goods

1.6

1.6

1.6

1.6

1.5

1.5

MIXING

5.7

5.5

5.3

5.5

5.6

5.7

10 Metal Working

2.3

2.3

2.2

2.2

2.2

2.2

12 & 14 Bldg. Const., Quarrying, Non-Metal Mining

1.4

1.4

1.3

1.4

1.4

1.4

13 Oil and Gas Extraction

2.0

1.9

1.8

1.9

2.0

2.1

CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION

10.9

11.1

11.5

12.2

13.1

12.8

15 General Building Contractors

3.9

4.0

4.1

4.1

4.5

4.5

18 Heavy Construction Contractors

2.1

2.2

2.6

3.3

3.7

3.4

17 Special Trade Contractors

4.9

4.9

4.6

4.9

4.9

4.9

TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES

19.2

19.2

19.3

19.6

19.7

19.8

40 Railroad Transportation

8.3

8.2

8.2

8.2

8.2

8.3

40 Air Transportation, except Air Speed

5.4

5.4

5.6

5.8

5.9

5.9

40 Water Transportation, except Water Speed

7.6

7.6

7.6

7.6

7.6

7.6

40 Other Transportation, except Air, Water, Rail

6.2

6.2

6.2

6.2

6.2

6.3

Wholesale Trade

15.6

15.6

15.9

16.5

17.1

17.3

53 & 56 General Merchandise, Apparel, Accessories

7.3

7.1

7.5

7.6

7.8

8.2

54 Food Stores

6.3

6.3

6.4

6.5

6.5

6.5

55 Automotive Dealers, Service Stations

8.3

8.1

8.3

8.4

8.4

8.4

56 Automotive Repairing, Washing, Detailing

15.6

15.6

16.5

17.5

18.6

18.6

57, 57.1 Bldg. Mat., Farm Equip., Farm, Mfg.

3.1

3.1

3.1

3.1

3.1

3.1

FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

10.8

10.9

10.9

11.0

11.1

11.3

SERVICES

48.2

48.9

48.9

49.3

49.8

49.8

70 Hotels and other Lodging Places

5.8

5.9

5.9

6.1

6.2

6.3

72 Personal Services

2.4

2.4

2.4

2.4

2.4

2.4

80 Medical and other Health Services

15.5

15.8

15.9

16.0

16.0

16.0

Other Services

24.5

24.8

24.9

25.0

25.0

25.0

GOVERNMENT

87.4

88.2

88.4

88.5

88.7

89.4

81 Federal Government

13.1

13.1

13.



GREAT FALLS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(CASCADE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report

(In Thousands)

1972 1973

	1972 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1972 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	29.6	29.8	30.3	31.3	31.1	32.9	32.4	32.5	32.3	31.3	31.1	31.4	31.3
EMPLOYED PERSONS	27.3	27.5	28.4	29.7	29.7	30.7	30.3	30.5	30.2	29.2	28.8	28.8	29.3
Persons Employed in Agriculture	.9	.9	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.9	1.7	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.5
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.6	1.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.0
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	7.8	7.6	6.4	5.2	4.4	6.8	6.4	6.2	6.5	6.6	7.0	8.1	6.6
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	5.8	6.4	5.8	5.7	5.2	6.1	6.4	7.0	7.0	7.6	7.9	8.1	6.6
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)	24.7	24.8	25.3	25.9	26.3	27.1	26.7	26.3	26.3	25.8	25.7	25.6	25.9
Manufacturing	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.3
Contract Construction	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.6
Transportation and Public Utilities	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.3
Wholesale Trade	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Retail Trade	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Services and Mining	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2
Government	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.7

	1973 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1973 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	30.1	30.2	30.8	31.6	32.2	33.9	33.6	33.5	32.9	32.1	31.4	31.3	32.0
EMPLOYED PERSONS	27.4	27.6	28.4	29.4	29.9	30.9	31.2	31.5	30.9	30.3	29.4	29.3	29.7
Persons Employed in Agriculture	.9	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.0	1.4
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.3	3.0	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.3
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	9.1	8.6	7.7	6.9	7.1	8.9	7.1	6.0	6.2	5.5	6.4	6.4	7.2
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.8	8.4	7.4	6.8	6.8	6.5	6.9	6.8	7.2
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)	24.5	24.6	25.0	26.3	26.0	26.6	26.8	26.9	27.2	27.2	27.0	26.4	26.3
Manufacturing	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
Contract Construction	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.7
Transportation and Public Utilities	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Wholesale and Retail Trade	7.1	7.0	7.2	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.9	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.6	7.6
Wholesale Trade	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Retail Trade	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Services and Mining	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.6
Government	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

Produced in cooperation with U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.



GREAT FALLS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(CASCADE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report

(In Thousands)

1974 1975

	1974 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1974 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	30.7	30.3	31.0	31.4	33.3	34.6	33.0	32.8	32.2	31.4	31.2	31.2	31.9
EMPLOYED PERSONS	27.7	28.0	28.7	29.4	31.3	32.1	30.9	30.9	30.4	29.6	29.2	29.1	29.8
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.5
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.1
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	9.7	7.7	7.4	6.3	6.1	7.1	6.5	5.9	5.7	5.7	6.4	6.7	6.7
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	8.0	6.5	6.6	6.8	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.9	6.9	6.7
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)													
Manufacturing	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.7
Contract Construction	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.5
Transportation and Public Utilities	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1
Wholesale and Retail Trade	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.9	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.4	8.5	8.0
Wholesale Trade	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1
Retail Trade	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3	5.9
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Services and Mining	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8
Government	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.9	6.1	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8

	1975 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1975 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	31.1	31.2	31.8	32.5	32.7	33.7	33.7	33.7	33.3	33.0	33.0	33.0	32.7
EMPLOYED PERSONS	28.5	28.2	29.0	29.8	30.3	30.9	31.0	31.2	30.9	30.3	30.4	30.2	30.0
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.4
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.6	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.8	2.7
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	8.3	9.6	8.7	8.3	7.3	8.3	8.0	7.3	7.2	8.1	7.8	8.5	8.1
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	6.6	8.4	7.8	8.7	7.9	7.5	8.1	8.0	8.3	8.9	8.2	8.7	8.1
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)													
Manufacturing	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8
Contract Construction	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6
Transportation and Public Utilities	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Wholesale and Retail Trade	8.3	8.2	8.4	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.8	8.6	8.5	8.6	8.7	8.4
Wholesale Trade	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Retail Trade	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.6	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.3	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Services and Mining	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.3
Government	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	5.5	5.5	5.8	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.9
Federal Government	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
State and Local Government	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.8

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1975 Benchmarks.^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

Produced in cooperation with U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.



GREAT FALLS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(CASCADE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report

(In Thousands)

	1976 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1976 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	30.6	30.7	31.3	31.5	31.9	33.7	33.4	33.0	32.3	32.4	32.1	32.2	32.1
EMPLOYED PERSONS	27.5	27.8	28.3	29.0	29.6	30.5	30.6	30.4	30.2	30.2	29.9	30.0	29.5
Persons Employed in Agriculture	.8	.9	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.3
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.5	2.3	3.2	2.8	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.6
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	10.2	9.5	9.6	8.0	7.2	9.5	8.5	7.9	6.6	6.7	7.0	6.8	8.1
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	8.5	8.3	8.7	8.4	7.8	8.8	8.6	8.7	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.0	8.1
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)													
Manufacturing	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Contract Construction	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7
Transportation and Public Utilities	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8
Wholesale and Retail Trade	7.7	7.6	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.1
Wholesale Trade	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3
Retail Trade	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.2	5.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6
Services and Mining	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.6	5.4
Government	5.9	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0
Federal Government	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1
State and Local Government	3.8	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9

	1977 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1977 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	32.2	31.8	32.4	32.5	32.9	33.4							
EMPLOYED PERSONS	29.2	29.3	30.0	30.5	31.0	31.2							
Persons Employed in Agriculture	.9	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.5	1.7							
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.0	2.5	2.4	2.0	1.9	2.2							
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	9.2	7.8	7.3	6.2	5.6	6.5							
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	7.6	6.8	6.5	6.6	6.2	5.6							
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)													
Manufacturing	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8							
Contract Construction	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5							
Transportation and Public Utilities	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9							
Wholesale and Retail Trade	8.3	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.3	8.3							
Wholesale Trade	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3							
Retail Trade	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.8	6.0	6.0							
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7							
Services and Mining	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.7							
Government	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.2							
Federal Government	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2							
State and Local Government	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0							

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1976 benchmarks.

^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

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BILLINGS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(YELLOWSTONE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report

(In Thousands)

1972 1973

	1972 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1972 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	37.0	37.4	37.9	38.5	39.0	41.2	41.3	41.0	40.5	41.4	41.6	41.6	39.8
EMPLOYED PERSONS	34.3	34.6	35.2	36.5	37.2	38.9	39.1	38.9	38.5	39.5	39.6	39.2	37.6
Persons Employed in Agriculture	.6	.6	.8	.9	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	.9	.7	.5	1.0
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.0	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.2
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	7.4	7.5	7.2	5.2	4.6	5.7	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.8	5.8	5.6
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	6.0	6.2	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.6	5.1	5.5	5.6
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{1/} (Establishment Data)	29.5	29.7	30.0	31.2	31.6	32.9	32.9	32.9	32.8	33.9	34.2	33.8	32.1
Manufacturing	3.3	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.4
Contract Construction	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.0
Transportation and Public Utilities	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2
Wholesale and Retail Trade	6.9	9.0	9.1	9.5	9.8	9.9	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.3	9.7
Wholesale Trade	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.1
Retail Trade	3.8	6.0	6.0	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.0	7.2	6.6
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6
Services and Mining	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.8	6.5
Government	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.8	6.0	5.7	5.5	5.3	5.7	5.0	6.1	5.7

	1973 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1973 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	40.6	40.8	41.5	42.8	43.3	45.5	45.3	45.6	44.0	44.5	44.6	44.2	43.5
EMPLOYED PERSONS	37.9	38.6	39.5	40.9	41.3	42.7	42.8	43.2	42.1	42.5	42.4	42.2	41.3
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.1	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.7
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	2.7	2.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.8	2.5	2.4	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.2
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	6.6	5.6	4.9	4.6	4.7	6.2	5.6	5.1	4.4	4.6	4.9	4.4	5.1
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	5.2	4.6	4.0	3.7	3.5	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.0	5.4	5.2	4.7	5.1
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{1/} (Establishment Data)	32.2	32.4	32.9	33.8	33.9	34.9	34.7	34.7	34.4	35.2	35.3	35.3	34.1
Manufacturing	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.7
Contract Construction	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.9
Transportation and Public Utilities	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.6
Wholesale and Retail Trade	9.3	9.1	9.7	9.9	10.1	10.3	10.4	10.5	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.6	10.1
Wholesale Trade	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2
Retail Trade	6.1	6.0	6.5	6.7	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.4	6.9
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Services and Mining	6.9	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.3
Government	5.8	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.3	5.8	6.0	6.3	5.8

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

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BILLINGS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(YELLOWSTONE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report
(In Thousands)

	1974 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1974 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	43.8	43.1	43.8	45.2	46.8	49.2	48.3	47.4	46.5	46.8	46.4	46.5	46.1
EMPLOYED PERSONS	40.4	40.5	41.4	43.0	44.8	46.1	45.8	45.3	44.5	44.9	44.1	44.0	43.7
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.4	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.0	3.1	2.5	2.1	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.5	2.4
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	7.8	6.0	5.5	4.8	4.3	6.3	5.3	4.4	4.4	4.1	5.0	5.3	5.2
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	6.3	5.0	4.4	5.1	5.2	5.8	5.2	4.8	5.2	5.0	5.5	5.2	5.2
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{2/} (Establishment Data)	34.0	34.3	34.5	35.7	36.3	37.3	37.3	37.5	37.5	37.3	36.9	37.1	36.3
Manufacturing	3.8	3.8	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.8
Contract Construction	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.2
Transportation and Public Utilities	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	10.9	10.9	11.2	11.7	12.0	12.1	12.2	12.2	12.2	11.8	11.7	11.9	11.7
Wholesale Trade	3.8	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0
Retail Trade	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.1	8.1	7.7	7.7	7.9	7.7
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6
Services and Mining	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.8	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9
Government	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.6	7.2	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.7	6.9	7.1	6.6

	1975 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1975 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	45.4	45.1	45.6	46.8	47.1	49.0	49.5	49.2	48.5	48.4	49.2	48.6	47.7
EMPLOYED PERSONS	42.0	41.5	42.0	43.4	44.5	45.6	46.3	46.1	45.6	45.6	46.4	45.4	44.5
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.6
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.4	3.6	3.6	3.4	2.6	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.2
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	7.6	8.0	7.9	7.3	5.6	7.0	6.5	6.2	5.9	5.8	5.8	6.5	6.7
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{3/}	6.1	7.1	6.7	7.6	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.4	6.4	6.7
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{2/} (Establishment Data)	36.9	36.6	37.2	37.0	37.8	38.9	39.7	39.7	40.2	40.4	40.6	40.1	38.7
Manufacturing	3.3	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2
Contract Construction	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.3
Transportation and Public Utilities	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Wholesale and Retail Trade	12.3	12.1	12.5	12.3	12.6	12.8	13.3	13.4	13.7	13.6	13.3	13.6	13.0
Wholesale Trade	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.6
Retail Trade	7.9	7.8	8.1	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.9	8.8	8.8	9.0	8.4
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8
Services and Mining	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.9	8.0	8.0	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.6
Government	6.9	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.3	7.0	6.7	7.3	8.3	7.7	7.3
Federal Government	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
State and Local Government	5.3	5.6	5.6	5.7	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.2	5.0	5.6	6.6	6.1	5.6

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.

^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

Produced in cooperation with U. S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.



BILLINGS STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

(YELLOWSTONE COUNTY, MONTANA)

Annual Labor Force Report (In Thousands)

	1976 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1976 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	45.2	45.2	46.1	47.1	48.2	49.4	49.5	49.0	48.9	49.7	50.3	50.3	48.2
EMPLOYED PERSONS	41.5	42.0	42.7	44.3	45.9	46.0	46.4	46.2	46.5	47.4	47.8	47.5	45.3
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.2	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.1	1.5
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.7	3.2	3.4	2.8	2.3	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.9
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	8.2	7.2	7.4	6.0	4.8	7.0	6.3	5.8	4.9	4.7	4.9	5.6	6.0
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{2/}	6.7	6.3	6.3	6.2	5.7	6.4	6.2	6.2	5.8	5.7	5.5	5.6	6.0
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)	36.7	37.2	37.5	38.2	38.5	39.3	39.5	39.2	40.1	41.1	41.6	41.5	39.2
Manufacturing	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.5
Contract Construction	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.3
Transportation and Public Utilities	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0
Wholesale and Retail Trade	12.3	12.4	12.7	13.1	13.4	13.3	13.6	13.6	13.3	14.0	14.3	14.3	13.4
Wholesale Trade	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.9	4.6	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.6
Retail Trade	8.2	8.3	8.6	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.8	8.8	8.7	8.9	9.1	9.2	8.8
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	1.8
Services and Mining	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.6
Government	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.7	7.8	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.3	8.5	7.8
Federal Government	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7
State and Local Government	5.6	5.8	5.9	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.5	6.7	5.9

	1977 JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.	1977 AVG.
CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE - PERSONS ^{1/}	50.0	50.2	50.5	50.4	50.4	51.5							
EMPLOYED PERSONS	46.2	46.8	47.5	47.8	48.1	49.1							
Persons Employed in Agriculture	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0							
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS	3.8	3.4	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.4							
Percent of Labor Force, Unadjusted ^{2/}	7.6	6.7	6.0	5.1	4.5	4.6							
Percent of Labor Force, Seasonally Adjusted ^{2/}	6.2	5.9	5.0	5.3	5.4	4.0							
NON-FARM WAGE AND SALARY JOBS ^{3/} (Establishment Data)	40.6	41.0	41.3	41.4	41.4	42.1							
Manufacturing	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.6							
Contract Construction	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2							
Transportation and Public Utilities	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1							
Wholesale and Retail Trade	13.9	13.8	14.3	14.3	14.5	14.6							
Wholesale Trade	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4							
Retail Trade	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.2	9.2							
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
Services and Mining	7.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.7	7.8							
Government	8.2	8.5	8.6	8.5	8.5	8.8							
Federal Government	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9							
State and Local Government	6.4	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.9							

^{1/} Estimates based on National Household Sample, Census and Other Relationships; includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic workers.
^{2/} Computed from whole (unrounded) numbers. Revised to 1976 Benchmarks.

^{3/} 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

Produced in cooperation with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Research and Analysis, Employment Security Division, Helena, Montana.



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

MAY 1977 Revised

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4483	4344	139	3.1
BIG HORN	4548	4229	319	7.0
BLAINE	3217	3074	143	4.4
BROADWATER	1441	1376	65	4.5
CARBON	3604	3439	165	4.6
CARTER	1009	994	15	1.5
CHOUTEAU	3538	3460	78	2.2
CUSTER	5743	5506	237	4.1
DANIELS	1514	1486	28	1.8
DAWSON	5171	5012	159	3.1
DEER LODGE	6290	5769	521	8.3
FALLON	2237	2194	43	1.9
FERGUS	5525	5238	287	5.2
FLATHEAD	19068	17390	1678	8.8
GALLATIN	18353	17491	862	4.7
GARFIELD	953	941	12	1.3
GLACIER	4882	4461	421	8.6
GOLDEN VALLEY	496	473	23	4.6
GRANITE	1091	992	99	9.1
HILL	8833	8486	347	3.9
JEFFERSON	3205	3021	184	5.7
JUDITH BASIN	1364	1325	39	2.9
LAKE	7211	6714	497	6.9
LEWIS and CLARK	21154	20154	1000	4.7
LIBERTY	1231	1202	29	2.4
LINCOLN	6472	5603	869	13.4
McCONE	1635	1577	58	3.5
MADISON	2418	2338	80	3.3
MEACHER	901	857	44	4.9
MINERAL	1716	1500	216	12.6
MISSOULA	32946	30773	2173	6.6
MUSSELSHELL	1915	1772	143	7.5
PARK	5325	5001	324	6.1
PETROLEUM	363	359	4	1.1
PHILLIPS	2962	2806	156	5.3
PONDERA	3680	3551	129	3.5
POWDER RIVER	1227	1205	22	1.8
POWELL	3226	2995	231	7.2
PRAIRIE	1093	1075	18	1.6
RAVALLI	6790	6099	691	10.2
RICHARD	5127	4966	161	3.1
ROOSEVELT	5960	5704	256	4.3
ROSEBUD	4775	4531	244	5.1
SANDERS	4324	4031	293	6.8
SHERIDAN	2572	2521	51	2.0
SILVER BOW	16880	15453	1427	8.5
STILLWATER	2670	2598	72	2.7
SWEET GRASS	1678	1634	44	2.6
TETON	2813	2697	116	4.1
TOOLE	2810	2682	128	4.6
TREASURE	581	557	24	4.1
VALLEY	4895	4495	400	8.2
WHEATLAND	1396	1366	30	2.1
WIBAUX	712	693	19	2.7



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

APRIL 1977 Revised

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4330	4155	175	4.0
BIG HORN	4408	4051	357	8.1
BLAINE	3145	2952	193	6.1
BROADWATER	1361	1285	76	5.6
CARBON	3563	3382	181	5.1
CARTER	953	934	19	2.0
CHOUTEAU	3254	3167	87	2.7
CUSTER	5678	5411	267	4.7
DANIELS	1473	1439	34	2.3
DAWSON	5155	4927	228	4.4
DEER LODGE	6380	5840	540	8.5
FALLON	2203	2165	38	1.7
FERGUS	5287	4944	343	6.5
FLATHEAD	19014	16853	2161	11.4
GALLATIN	18111	17094	1017	5.6
GARFIELD	928	917	11	1.2
GLACIER	4708	4220	488	10.4
GOLDEN VALLEY	478	461	17	3.6
GRANITE	1112	982	130	11.7
HILL	8729	8267	462	5.3
JEFFERSON	3213	3026	187	5.8
JUDITH BASIN	1287	1254	33	2.6
LAKE	6910	6370	540	7.8
LEWIS and CLARK	21228	20053	1175	5.5
LIBERTY	1198	1169	29	2.4
LINCOLN	6433	5238	1195	18.6
McCONE	1474	1427	47	3.2
MADISON	2345	2205	140	6.0
MEAGHER	870	807	63	7.2
MINERAL	1705	1446	259	15.2
MISSOULA	33057	30450	2607	7.9
MUSSELSHELL	1887	1727	160	8.5
PARK	5454	4955	499	9.1
PETROLEUM	331	325	6	1.8
PHILLIPS	2856	2708	148	5.2
PONDERA	3581	3445	136	3.8
POWDER RIVER	1108	1081	27	2.4
POWELL	3296	2982	314	9.5
PRAIRIE	1053	1027	26	2.5
RAVALLI	6725	5864	861	12.8
RICHLAND	4977	4750	227	4.6
ROOSEVELT	5892	5582	310	5.3
ROSEBUD	4742	4457	285	6.0
SANDERS	4374	3982	392	9.0
SHERIDAN	2497	2427	70	2.8
SILVER BOW	17122	15440	1682	9.8
STILLWATER	2632	2520	112	4.3
SWEET GRASS	1550	1519	31	2.0
TETON	2816	2680	136	4.8
TOOLE	2724	2533	191	7.0
TREASURE	539	518	21	3.9
VALLEY	4714	4350	364	7.7
WHEATLAND	1363	1332	31	2.3
WIBAUX	667	648	19	2.8



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

MARCH 1977 Revised

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4286	4070	216	5.0
BIG HORN	4378	3941	437	10.0
BLAINE	2879	2676	203	7.1
BROADWATER	1284	1189	95	7.4
CARBON	3366	3145	221	6.6
CARTER	855	827	28	3.3
CHOUTEAU	2978	2888	90	3.0
CUSTER	5655	5288	367	6.5
DANIELS	1401	1357	44	3.1
DAWSON	4916	4623	293	6.0
DEER LODGE	5921	5368	553	9.3
FALLON	2108	2054	54	2.6
FERGUS	5038	4583	455	9.0
FLATHEAD	18925	16433	2492	13.2
GALLATIN	18187	17007	1180	6.5
GARFIELD	873	836	37	4.2
GLACIER	4484	3975	509	11.4
GOLDEN VALLEY	446	420	26	5.8
GRANITE	1103	957	146	13.2
HILL	8741	8188	553	6.3
JEFFERSON	2974	2735	239	8.0
JUDITH BASIN	1149	1105	44	3.8
LAKE	6776	6128	648	9.6
LEWIS and CLARK	20879	19569	1310	6.3
LIBERTY	1087	1048	39	3.6
LINCOLN	6405	5206	1199	18.7
McCONE	1350	1290	60	4.4
MADISON	2137	1948	189	8.8
MEACHER	831	748	83	10.0
MINERAL	1554	1293	261	16.8
MISSOULA	31980	29219	2761	8.6
MUSSELSHELL	1849	1668	181	9.8
PARK	5350	4772	578	10.8
PETROLEUM	290	284	6	2.1
PHILLIPS	2681	2519	162	6.0
PONDERA	3458	3251	207	6.0
POWDER RIVER	1050	1011	39	3.7
POWELL	3223	2929	294	9.1
PRAIRIE	980	935	45	4.6
RAVALLI	6474	5586	888	13.7
RICHLAND	4720	4498	222	4.7
ROOSEVELT	5463	5071	392	7.2
ROSEBUD	4668	4334	334	7.2
SANDERS	4348	3937	411	9.5
SHERIDAN	2412	2315	97	4.0
SILVER BOW	17200	15350	1850	10.8
STILLWATER	2509	2403	106	4.2
SWEET GRASS	1475	1426	49	3.3
TETON	2608	2455	153	5.9
TOOLE	2633	2436	197	7.5
TREASURE	548	498	50	9.1
VALLEY	4599	4139	460	10.0
WHEATLAND	1303	1250	53	4.1
WIBAUX	606	573	33	5.4



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

FEBRUARY 1977 Revised

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4147	3899	248	6.0
BIG HORN	4218	3769	449	10.6
BLAINE	2806	2528	278	9.9
BROADWATER	1237	1132	105	8.5
CARBON	3234	2999	235	7.3
CARTER	782	752	30	3.8
CHOUTEAU	2843	2673	170	6.0
CUSTER	5617	5168	449	8.0
DANIELS	1358	1271	87	6.4
DAWSON	4897	4497	400	8.2
DEER LODGE	5976	5376	600	10.0
FAJLON	2018	1954	64	3.2
FERGUS	4846	4342	504	10.4
FLATHEAD	18819	16350	2469	13.1
GALLATIN	17823	16560	1263	7.1
GARFIELD	833	786	47	5.6
GLACIER	4401	3872	529	12.0
GOLDEN VALLEY	415	384	31	7.5
GRANITE	1105	920	185	16.7
HILL	8465	7878	587	6.9
JEFFERSON	2991	2741	250	8.4
JUDITH BASIN	1075	1012	63	5.9
LAKE	6527	5814	713	10.9
LEWIS and CLARK	20489	19194	1295	6.3
LIBERTY	1028	990	38	3.7
LINCOLN	6426	5244	1182	18.4
McCONE	1284	1231	53	4.1
MADISON	1984	1801	183	9.2
MEAGHER	775	682	93	12.0
MINERAL	1597	1305	292	18.3
MISSOULA	31856	28821	3035	9.5
MUSSELSHELL	1795	1589	206	11.5
PARK	5282	4638	644	12.2
PETROLEUM	266	256	10	3.8
PHILLIPS	2524	2335	189	7.5
PONDERA	3276	3081	195	6.0
POWDER RIVER	979	923	56	5.7
POWELL	3217	2867	350	10.9
PRAIRIE	946	876	70	7.4
RAVALLI	6295	5266	1029	16.3
RICHLAND	4520	4266	254	5.6
ROOSEVELT	5282	4840	442	8.4
ROSEBUD	4575	4206	369	8.1
SANDERS	4213	3833	380	9.0
SHERIDAN	2332	2189	143	6.1
SILVER BOW	17301	15333	1968	11.4
STILLWATER	2445	2285	160	6.5
SWEET GRASS	1365	1285	80	5.9
TETON	2462	2292	170	6.9
TOOLE	2502	2305	197	7.9
TREASURE	521	473	48	9.2
VALLEY	4495	3983	512	11.4
WHEATLAND	1278	1178	100	7.8
WIBAUX	557	529	28	5.0



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

JANUARY 1977 Revised

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4157	3884	273	6.6
BIG HORN	4216	3718	498	11.8
BLAINE	2782	2509	273	9.8
BROADWATER	1216	1113	103	8.5
CARBON	3305	2980	325	9.8
CARTER	811	767	44	5.4
CHOUTEAU	2913	2673	240	8.2
CUSTER	5521	5041	480	8.7
DANIELS	1321	1257	64	4.8
DAWSON	4914	4453	461	9.4
DEER LODGE	5841	5249	592	10.1
FALLON	2035	1950	85	4.2
FERGUS	4874	4334	540	11.1
FLATHEAD	18598	16068	2530	13.6
GALLATIN	17842	16332	1510	8.5
GARFIELD	856	795	61	7.1
GLACIER	4378	3830	548	12.5
GOLDEN VALLEY	416	386	30	7.2
GRANITE	1128	947	181	16.0
HILL	8482	7784	698	8.2
JEFFERSON	2993	2674	319	10.7
JUDITH BASIN	1087	1030	57	5.2
LAKE	6438	5719	719	11.2
LEWIS and CLARK	20051	18688	1363	6.8
LIBERTY	1024	984	40	3.9
LINCOLN	6473	5250	1223	18.9
McCONE	1288	1229	59	4.6
MADISON	2006	1802	204	10.2
MEADIER	814	699	115	14.1
MINERAL	1595	1295	300	18.8
MISSOULA	31577	28195	3382	10.7
MUSSELSHELL	1807	1596	211	11.7
PARK	5201	4597	604	11.6
PETROLEUM	270	262	8	3.0
PHILLIPS	2523	2321	202	8.0
PONDERA	3247	3015	232	7.1
POWDER RIVER	1022	946	76	7.4
POWELL	3043	2780	263	8.6
PRAIRIE	953	873	80	8.4
RAVALLI	6222	5189	1033	16.6
RICHLAND	4676	4346	330	7.1
ROOSEVELT	5070	4684	386	7.6
ROSEBUD	4566	4137	429	9.4
SANDERS	4164	3712	452	10.9
SHERIDAN	2298	2181	117	5.1
SILVER BOW	17011	15015	1996	11.7
STILLWATER	2485	2283	202	8.1
SWEET GRASS	1352	1288	64	4.7
TETON	2551	2310	241	9.4
TOOLE	2490	2297	193	7.8
TREASURE	524	473	51	9.7
VALLEY	4555	3994	561	12.3
WHEATLAND	1245	1161	84	6.7
WIBAUX	582	532	50	8.6



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY
1976 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4,146	3,954	192	4.6
BIG HORN	4,393	4,058	335	7.6
BLAINE	2,836	2,624	212	7.5
BROADWATER	1,226	1,125	101	8.2
CARBON	3,313	3,087	226	6.8
CARTER	929	910	19	2.0
CHOUTEAU	3,115	2,991	124	4.0
CLUSTER	5,382	5,128	254	4.7
DANIELS	1,424	1,384	40	2.8
DAWSON	5,306	5,064	242	4.6
DEER LODGE	6,385	5,834	551	8.6
FALLON	2,045	1,974	71	3.5
FERGUS	5,439	5,097	342	6.3
FLAITHHEAD	19,284	17,019	2,265	11.7
GALLATIN	18,623	17,391	1,232	6.6
GARFIELD	842	813	29	3.4
GLACIER	4,890	4,452	438	9.0
GOLDEN VALLEY	472	440	32	6.8
GRANITE	1,169	1,028	141	12.1
HILL	8,383	7,892	491	5.9
JEFFERSON	2,750	2,479	271	9.9
JUDITH BASIN	1,227	1,172	55	4.5
LAKE	7,141	6,484	657	9.2
LEWIS and CLARK	20,134	18,928	1,206	6.0
LIBERTY	1,125	1,091	34	3.0
LINCOLN	6,691	5,575	1,116	16.7
McCONE	1,408	1,365	43	3.1
MADISON	2,331	2,146	185	7.9
MEACHER	984	897	87	8.8
MINERAL	1,797	1,599	198	11.0
MISSOULA	30,578	27,909	2,669	8.7
MUSSELSHELL	1,888	1,760	128	6.8
PARK	5,596	5,206	390	7.0
PETROLEUM	306	299	7	2.3
PHILLIPS	2,619	2,471	148	5.7
PONDERA	3,286	3,103	183	5.6
POWDER RIVER	1,090	1,054	36	3.3
POWELL	3,327	2,994	333	10.0
PRAIRIE	982	951	31	3.2
RAVALLI	6,967	6,095	872	12.5
RICHLAND	4,555	4,339	216	4.7
ROOSEVELT	5,051	4,730	321	6.4
ROSEBUD	4,583	4,244	339	7.4
SANDERS	3,971	3,590	381	9.6
SHERIDAN	2,489	2,410	79	3.2
SILVER BOW	17,984	15,833	2,151	12.0
SPILLWATER	2,047	1,921	126	6.2
SWEET GRASS	1,704	1,625	79	4.6
TETON	2,775	2,628	147	5.3
TOOLE	2,644	2,481	163	6.2
TREASURE	548	516	32	5.8
VALLEY	5,142	4,702	440	8.6
WHEATLAND	1,295	1,235	60	4.6
WIBAUX	703	677	26	3.7



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

1975 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4,070	3,807	263	6.5
BIG HORN	4,262	3,875	387	9.1
BLAINE	2,699	2,491	208	7.7
BROADWATER	1,187	1,087	100	8.4
CARBON	3,194	2,946	248	7.8
CARTER	956	920	36	3.8
CHouteau	3,026	2,904	122	4.0
CUSTER	5,527	5,230	297	5.4
DANIELS	1,351	1,317	34	2.5
DAWSON	5,115	4,861	254	5.0
DEER LODGE	6,763	6,202	561	8.3
FALLON	1,898	1,831	67	3.5
FERGUS	5,281	4,929	352	6.7
FLATHEAD	18,361	15,979	2,382	13.0
GALLATIN	18,053	16,665	1,388	7.7
GARFIELD	867	837	30	3.5
GLACIER	4,747	4,355	392	8.3
GOLDEN VALLEY	479	422	57	11.9
GRANITE	1,157	997	160	13.8
HILL	8,046	7,565	481	6.0
JEFFERSON	2,304	2,013	291	12.6
JUDITH BASIN	1,189	1,110	79	6.6
LAKE	6,764	6,065	699	10.3
LEWIS and CLARK	18,846	17,687	1,159	6.1
LIBERTY	1,046	1,003	43	4.1
LINCOLN	6,614	5,432	1,182	17.9
McCONE	1,355	1,316	39	2.9
MADISON	2,444	2,228	216	8.8
MEAGHER	976	856	120	12.3
MINERAL	1,603	1,377	226	14.1
MISSOULA	29,763	26,962	2,801	9.4
MUSKIE SHELL	1,792	1,665	127	7.1
PARK	5,472	4,944	528	9.6
PETROLEUM	304	288	16	5.3
PHILLIPS	2,479	2,331	148	6.0
PONDERA	2,994	2,826	168	5.6
POWDER RIVER	1,065	1,030	35	3.3
POWELL	3,304	3,029	275	8.3
PRAIRIE	896	872	24	2.7
RAVALLI	6,634	5,757	877	13.2
RICHLAND	4,381	4,163	218	5.0
ROOSEVELT	4,628	4,309	319	6.9
ROSEBUD	5,169	4,948	221	4.3
SANDERS	3,753	3,338	415	11.1
SHERIDAN	2,428	2,331	97	4.0
SILVER BOW	18,144	16,263	1,881	10.4
STEELEWATER	1,973	1,849	124	6.3
SWEET GRASS	1,658	1,588	70	4.2
TETON	2,694	2,430	164	6.1
TOLENE	2,713	2,564	149	5.5
TREASURE	496	459	37	7.5
VALLEY	5,254	4,859	395	7.5
WHEATLAND	1,262	1,210	52	4.1
WIBAUX	651	614	37	5.7



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

1974 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	4,057	3,858	199	4.9
BIG HORN	4,302	3,879	423	9.8
BLAINE	2,752	2,561	191	6.9
BROADWATER	1,198	1,132	66	5.5
CARBON	3,322	3,110	212	6.4
CARTER	1,029	994	35	3.4
CHOUTEAU	3,316	3,200	116	3.5
CUSTER	5,354	5,111	243	4.5
DANIELS	1,354	1,324	30	2.2
DAWSON	5,201	4,988	213	4.1
DEER LODGE	6,403	6,064	339	5.3
FALLON	1,853	1,790	63	3.4
FERGUS	5,572	5,220	352	6.3
FLATHEAD	18,332	16,170	2,162	11.8
GALLATIN	17,873	16,871	1,002	5.6
GARFIELD	878	863	15	1.7
GLACIER	4,762	4,352	410	8.6
GOLDEN VALLEY	476	444	32	6.7
GRANITE	1,244	1,142	102	8.2
HILL	7,889	7,491	398	5.0
JEFFERSON	2,114	1,890	224	10.6
JUDITH BASIN	1,265	1,201	64	5.1
LAKE	7,033	6,452	581	8.3
LEWIS and CLARK	18,362	17,240	1,122	6.1
LIBERTY	1,067	1,027	40	3.7
LINCOLN	6,839	5,795	1,044	15.3
McCONE	1,388	1,349	39	2.8
MADISON	2,522	2,353	169	6.7
MEACHER	1,059	992	67	6.3
MINERAL	1,625	1,426	199	12.2
MISSOULA	28,233	26,049	2,184	7.7
MUSSELSHELL	1,809	1,720	89	4.9
PARK	5,769	5,323	446	7.7
PETROLEUM	323	314	9	2.8
PHILLIPS	2,472	2,360	112	4.5
PONDERA	2,995	2,808	187	6.2
POWDER RIVER	1,323	1,289	34	2.6
POWELL	2,998	2,817	181	6.0
PRAIRIE	923	889	34	3.7
RAVALLI	6,840	6,187	653	9.5
RICHLAND	4,188	3,995	193	4.6
ROOSEVELT	4,228	3,944	284	6.7
ROSEBUD	3,294	3,139	155	4.7
SANDERS	3,462	3,167	295	8.5
SHERIDAN	2,470	2,374	96	3.9
SILVER BOW	18,404	17,163	1,241	6.7
STILLWATER	1,918	1,826	92	4.8
SWEET GRASS	1,728	1,672	56	3.2
TETON	2,807	2,661	146	5.2
TOOLE	2,669	2,543	126	4.7
TREASURE	501	466	35	7.0
VALLEY	5,447	5,144	303	5.6
WHEATLAND	1,313	1,229	84	6.4
WIBAUX	710	663	47	6.6



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

1973 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	3,665	3,514	151	4.1
BIG HORN	3,955	3,620	335	8.5
BLAINE	2,671	2,481	190	7.1
BROADWATER	1,119	1,067	52	4.6
CARBON	3,158	2,957	201	6.4
CARTER	974	940	34	3.5
CHOUTEAU	2,959	2,833	126	4.3
CUSTER	4,974	4,729	245	4.9
DANIELS	1,297	1,243	54	4.2
DAWSON	5,054	4,801	253	5.0
DEER LODGE	5,836	5,554	282	4.8
FALLON	1,673	1,620	53	3.2
FERGUS	5,136	4,842	294	5.7
FLATHEAD	17,078	15,557	1,521	8.9
GALLATIN	16,472	15,746	726	4.4
GARFIELD	831	818	13	1.6
GLACIER	4,508	4,219	289	6.4
GOLDEN VALLEY	446	415	31	6.6
GRANITE	1,173	1,077	96	8.2
HILL	7,643	7,254	389	5.1
JEFFERSON	2,052	1,870	182	8.9
JUDITH BASIN	1,193	1,142	51	4.3
LAKE	6,883	6,406	477	6.9
LEWIS and CLARK	17,622	16,647	975	5.5
LIBERTY	1,006	962	44	4.4
LINCOLN	7,085	6,261	824	11.6
McCONE	1,322	1,280	42	3.2
MADISON	2,365	2,221	144	6.1
MEACHER	985	934	51	5.2
MINERAL	1,496	1,352	144	9.6
MISSOULA	26,917	25,145	1,772	6.6
MUSSELSHELL	1,634	1,563	71	4.3
PARK	5,613	5,222	391	7.0
PETROLEUM	315	296	19	6.0
PHILLIPS	2,352	2,204	148	6.3
PONDERA	2,990	2,783	207	6.9
POWDER RIVER	1,189	1,153	36	3.0
POWELL	2,739	2,567	172	6.3
PRAIRIE	875	840	35	4.0
RAVALLI	6,263	5,767	496	7.9
RICHLAND	3,936	3,743	193	4.9
ROOSEVELT	4,040	3,707	333	8.2
ROSEBUD	3,195	3,065	130	4.1
SANDERS	3,275	3,064	211	6.4
SHERIDAN	2,326	2,209	117	5.0
SILVER BOW	17,254	16,289	965	5.6
STILLWATER	1,801	1,704	97	5.4
SWEET GRASS	1,640	1,583	57	3.5
TETON	2,590	2,425	165	6.4
TOOLE	2,532	2,387	145	5.7
TREASURE	538	522	16	3.0
VALLEY	5,026	4,726	300	6.0
WHEATLAND	1,255	1,176	79	6.3
WIBAUX	663	629	34	5.1



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY

1972 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	3,591	3,433	158	4.4
BIG HORN	3,799	3,506	293	7.7
BLAINE	2,723	2,481	242	8.9
BROADWATER	1,049	997	52	5.0
CARBON	3,014	2,770	244	8.1
CARTER	927	906	21	2.3
CHOUTEAU	2,836	2,719	117	2.4
CUSTER	4,932	4,661	271	5.5
DANIELS	1,205	1,138	67	5.6
DAWSON	4,844	4,625	219	4.5
DEER LODGE	6,002	5,670	332	5.5
FALLON	1,682	1,618	64	3.8
FERGUS	4,884	4,607	277	5.7
FLATHEAD	16,293	14,803	1,490	9.1
GALLATIN	15,409	14,820	589	3.8
GARFIELD	819	800	19	2.3
GLACIER	4,139	3,905	234	5.7
GOLDEN VALLEY	438	396	42	9.6
GRANITE	1,104	1,004	100	9.1
HILL	7,383	7,051	332	4.5
JEFFERSON	1,901	1,754	147	7.7
JUDITH BASIN	1,129	1,073	56	5.0
LAKE	6,513	6,056	457	7.0
LEWIS and CLARK	17,223	16,411	812	4.7
LIBERTY	985	936	49	5.0
LINCOLN	7,531	6,677	854	11.3
McCONE	1,203	1,162	41	3.4
MADISON	2,243	2,107	136	6.1
MEAGHER	918	862	56	6.1
MINERAL	1,497	1,370	127	8.5
MISSOULA	26,191	24,664	1,527	5.8
MUSSELSHELL	1,576	1,475	101	6.4
PARK	5,160	4,735	425	8.2
PETROLEUM	306	284	22	7.2
PHILLIPS	2,256	2,133	123	5.5
PONDERA	3,001	2,787	214	7.1
POWDER RIVER	1,163	1,130	33	2.8
POWELL	2,729	2,552	177	6.5
PRAIRIE	828	797	31	3.7
RAVALLI	6,095	5,584	511	8.4
RICHLAND	3,828	3,640	188	4.9
ROOSEVELT	3,895	3,666	229	5.9
ROSEBUD	2,707	2,596	111	4.1
SANDERS	3,199	2,985	214	6.7
SHERIDAN	2,235	2,131	104	4.7
SILVER BOW	16,674	15,690	984	5.9
STILLWATER	1,795	1,685	110	6.1
SWEET GRASS	1,570	1,522	48	3.1
TETON	2,471	2,307	164	6.6
TOOLE	2,466	2,285	181	7.3
TREASURE	455	440	15	3.3
VALLEY	5,037	4,784	253	5.0
WHEATLAND	1,201	1,101	100	8.3
WIBAUX	642	613	29	4.5



MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY
1971 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	3,423	3,255	168	4.9
BIG HORN	3,838	3,539	299	7.8
BLAINE	2,472	2,280	192	7.8
BROADWATER	1,063	1,026	37	3.5
CARBON	2,831	2,644	187	6.6
CARTER	892	871	21	2.4
CHOUTEAU	2,780	2,677	103	3.7
CUSTER	4,822	4,581	241	5.0
DANIELS	1,205	1,164	41	3.4
DAWSON	4,611	5,392	219	4.7
DEER LODGE	6,179	5,709	470	7.6
FALLON	1,603	1,540	63	3.9
FERGUS	4,932	4,684	248	5.0
FLATHEAD	14,967	13,646	1,321	8.8
GALLATIN	14,219	13,693	526	3.7
GARFIELD	819	795	24	2.9
GLACIER	4,052	3,782	270	6.7
GOLDEN VALLEY	456	420	36	7.9
GRANITE	1,118	981	137	12.3
HILL	6,787	6,451	336	5.0
JEFFERSON	1,896	1,789	107	5.6
JUDITH BASIN	1,156	1,109	47	4.1
LAKE	5,619	5,152	467	8.3
LEWIS and CLARK	16,358	15,525	833	5.1
LIBERTY	992	952	40	4.0
LINCOLN	7,393	6,536	857	11.6
McCONE	1,266	1,223	43	3.4
MADISON	2,204	2,038	166	7.5
MEAGHER	898	855	43	4.8
MINERAL	1,393	1,280	113	8.1
MISSOULA	24,297	22,953	1,344	5.5
MUSSELSHELL	1,553	1,454	99	6.4
PARK	5,061	4,694	367	7.3
PETROLEUM	341	317	24	7.0
PHILLIPS	2,195	2,071	124	5.6
PONDERA	2,852	2,666	186	6.5
POWDER RIVER	1,253	1,222	31	2.5
POWELL	2,626	2,466	160	6.1
PRAIRIE	836	787	49	5.9
RAVALLI	5,696	5,200	496	8.7
RICHLAND	3,566	3,369	197	5.5
ROOSEVELT	3,695	3,412	283	7.7
ROSEBUD	2,768	2,663	105	3.8
SANDERS	3,050	2,835	215	7.0
SHERIDAN	2,151	2,044	107	5.0
SILVER BOW	16,371	15,057	1,314	8.0
STILLWATER	1,874	1,737	137	7.3
SWEET GRASS	1,536	1,497	39	2.5
TETON	2,425	2,314	111	4.6
TOOLE	2,516	2,316	200	7.9
TREASURE	440	421	19	4.3
VALLEY	4,568	4,276	292	6.4
WHEATLAND	1,194	1,134	60	5.0
WIBAUX	612	586	26	4.2

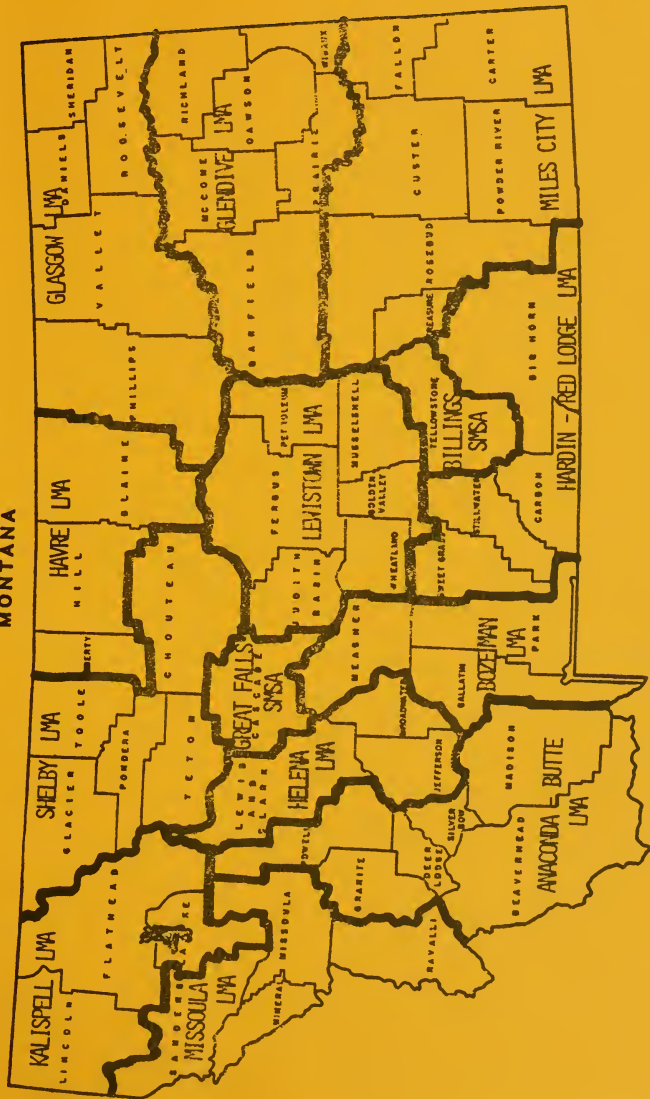


MONTANA MONTHLY LABOR FORCE, BY COUNTY
1971 ANNUAL AVERAGES

AREA	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
BEAVERHEAD	3,423	3,255	168	4.9
BIG HORN	3,838	3,539	299	7.8
BLAINE	2,472	2,280	192	7.8
BROADWATER	1,063	1,026	37	3.5
CARBON	2,831	2,644	187	6.6
CARTER	892	871	21	2.4
CHOUTEAU	2,780	2,677	103	3.7
CUSTER	4,822	4,581	241	5.0
DANIELS	1,205	1,164	41	3.4
DAWSON	4,611	5,392	219	4.7
DEER LODGE	6,179	5,709	470	7.6
FAILON	1,603	1,540	63	3.9
FERCUS	4,932	4,684	248	5.0
FLATHEAD	14,967	13,646	1,321	8.8
GALLATIN	14,219	13,693	526	3.7
GARFIELD	819	795	24	2.9
GLACIER	4,052	3,782	270	6.7
GOLDEN VALLEY	456	420	36	7.9
GRANITE	1,118	981	137	12.3
HILL	6,787	6,451	336	5.0
JEFFERSON	1,896	1,789	107	5.6
JUDITH BASIN	1,156	1,109	47	4.1
LAKE	5,619	5,152	467	8.3
LEWIS and CLARK	16,358	15,525	833	5.1
LIBERTY	992	952	40	4.0
LINCOLN	7,393	6,536	857	11.6
McCONE	1,266	1,223	43	3.4
MADISON	2,204	2,038	166	7.5
MEACHER	898	855	43	4.8
MINERAL	1,393	1,280	113	8.1
MISSOULA	24,297	22,953	1,344	5.5
MUSSELSHELL	1,553	1,454	99	6.4
PARK	5,061	4,694	367	7.3
PETROLEUM	341	317	24	7.0
PHILLIPS	2,195	2,071	124	5.6
PONDERA	2,852	2,666	186	6.5
POWDER RIVER	1,253	1,222	31	2.5
POWELL	2,626	2,466	160	6.1
PRAIRIE	836	787	49	5.9
RAVALLI	5,696	5,200	496	8.7
RICHLAND	3,566	3,369	197	5.5
ROOSEVELT	3,695	3,412	283	7.7
ROSEBUD	2,768	2,663	105	3.8
SANDERS	3,050	2,835	215	7.0
SHERIDAN	2,151	2,044	107	5.0
SILVER BOW	16,371	15,057	1,314	8.0
STILLWATER	1,874	1,737	137	7.3
SWEET GRASS	1,536	1,497	39	2.5
TETON	2,425	2,314	111	4.6
TOOLE	2,516	2,316	200	7.9
TREASURE	440	421	19	4.3
VALLEY	4,568	4,276	292	6.4
WHEATLAND	1,194	1,134	60	5.0
WIBAUX	612	586	26	4.2



MONTANA



EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DIVISION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY
P. O. Box 1728
Helena, Montana 59601

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY MAIL
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OFFICIAL BUSINESS

The Montana State Employment Security Division maintains 23 local Job Service Offices in the principal cities of Montana. You are invited to call on any of these offices for assistance in filling positions in your organization, additional labor market information, and for other services in connection with your employment problems.